

May 5, 2017

Director WVDEP – Division of Air Quality 601 57th Street SE Charleston, WV 25304

Tracking No. 7014 2120 0001 4786 6285

RE: Superior Appalachian Pipeline, LLC

Preston Compressor Station (Facility ID No. 077-00089, Permit No. G35-A044C)

**G35-D Modification Application** 

To Whom It May Concern:

Superior Appalachian Pipeline, LLC (Superior) is submitting this G35-D Construction Application for the Preston Compressor Station, per WVDEP request to clarify source information regarding the facility.

The applicant is requesting that the issued G35-D permit reflect the source information contained within this permit application. Enclosed are one (1) original hard copy and two (2) CDs with PDFs of the application, along with a check for the application fee in the amount of \$4,000. The affidavit of publication for the Class I Legal Advertisement will be forwarded upon receipt.

Superior appreciates your review of this submittal. Should you have any questions, please contact me at (918) 477-3942 or via email at <a href="mailto:jennifer.frazier@unitcorp.com">jennifer.frazier@unitcorp.com</a>.

Respectfully,

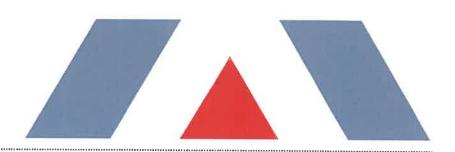
Environmental Specialist

**Unit Corporation** 

Jennifer Frazier

Attachments





# **PROJECT REPORT**

Superior Appalachian Pipeline, LLC Preston Compressor Station

**G35-D Permit Application** 



TRINITY CONSULTANTS 4500 Brooktree Drive Suite 103 Wexford, PA 15090 (724) 935-2611

May 2017





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Superior Appalachian Pipeline, LLC (Superior) is submitting this G35-D Permit application to the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection (WVDEP) for an existing natural gas compressor station located in Preston County, West Virginia (Preston Compressor Station or 'Preston Station'). The Preston Station is currently operating under G35 permit number G35-A044C. This general permit application is being submitted per WVDEP request to clarify source information regarding the facility.

#### 1.1. FACILITY AND PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The Preston Station is an existing natural gas compressor station covered under standard industrial code (SIC) 1311. The station compresses and dehydrates natural gas from nearby wells for transportation across the pipeline.

The station currently consists of the following equipment:

- > One (1) natural gas-fired compressor engine (CE-2A), rated at 425 bhp;
- > One (1) natural gas-fired emergency generator engine (GE-1), rated at 93 bhp;
- > One (1) 7 million standard cubic feet per day (MMscfd) triethylene glycol dehydration unit (RSV-1) with associated 0.2 MMBtu/hr reboiler (RBV-1A);
- > Two (2) 8,820 gallon waste fluids tanks (T01 and T02); and
- > Small exempt sources.

As previously indicated, with this submittal, the applicant is fulfilling WVDEP's request to clarify source information. The applicant is requesting that the issued G35-D permit reflect the source information contained within this permit application.

A process flow diagram is included as Attachment D.

#### 1.2. SOURCE STATUS

WVDEP must make stationary source determinations on a case-by-case basis using the guidance under the Clean Air Act (CAA) and EPA's and WVDEP's implementing regulations. The definition of stationary source in 40 CFR 51.166(b) includes the following:

"(6) Building, structure, facility, or installation means all of the pollutant emitting activities which belong to the same industrial grouping, are located on or more contiguous or adjacent properties, and are under control of the same person (or persons under common control)."

Other additional pollutant emitting facilities should be aggregated with the Preston Station for air permitting purposes if, and only if, all three elements of the "stationary source" definition above are fulfilled. There are no facilities within a quarter-mile radius of the facility; therefore, no facilities should be aggregated with the Preston Station for air permitting purposes.

#### 1.3. G35-D APPLICATION ORGANIZATION

This West Virginia G35-D permit application is organized as follows:

- > Section 2: Sample Emission Source Calculations;
- Section 3: Regulatory Discussion;
- > Section 4: G35-D Application Form;
- > Attachment A: Single Source Determination Form
- > Attachment B: Siting Criteria Waiver (not applicable)
- > Attachment C: Current Business Certificate
- > Attachment D: Process Flow Diagram
- > Attachment E: Process Description
- > Attachment F: Plot Plan
- > Attachment G: Area Map
- > Attachment H: G35-D Section Applicability Form
- > Attachment I: Emission Units/ERD Table
- Attachment J: Fugitive Emission Summary Sheet(s)
- > Attachment K: Storage Vessels Data Sheet(s)
- > Attachment L: Natural Gas Fired Fuel Burning Unit Data Sheet(s)
- > Attachment M: Internal Combustion Engine Data Sheet(s)
- > Attachment N: Tanker Truck Loading Data Sheet
- Attachment 0: Glycol Dehydration Unit Data Sheet(s)
- > Attachment P: Pneumatic Controller Data Sheet(s)
- > Attachment Q: Centrifugal Compressor Data Sheet(s)
- > Attachment R: Reciprocating Compressor Data Sheet(s)
- > Attachment S: Blowdown and Pigging Operation Data Sheet(s)
- > Attachment T: Air Pollution Control Device Data Sheet(s)
- > Attachment U: Emission Calculations
- > Attachment V: Facility-wide Emission Summary Sheet(s)
- > Attachment W: Class I Legal Advertisement

#### 2. SAMPLE EMISSION SOURCE CALCULATIONS

The characteristics of air emissions from the facility, along with the methodology for calculating emissions, are briefly described in this section of the application. Detailed emission calculations are presented in Attachment U of this application.

Emissions at this facility will result from combustion of natural gas (in the engines and reboilers), operation of the dehydration unit and storage tanks, as well as piping blowdowns and fugitive emissions from components leaks and the facility roadway. The methods by which emissions from each of these source types is calculated are summarized below.

- > **Compressor Engine:** Potential emissions of nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>X</sub>), CO, VOC, formaldehyde are calculated using factors provided by the engine and catalyst manufacturer. Potential emissions of sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>), particulate matter (PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub>), and all other hazardous air pollutants (HAPs) are calculated using U.S. EPA's AP-42 factors for four-stroke lean-burn engines.
- > **Generator Engine:** Potential emissions of nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>X</sub>), CO and VOC are calculated using factors provided in the EPA Certificate of Conformity (CO from the Test Data in the Summary Report, per previous permit engineer request). Potential emissions of sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>), particulate matter (PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub>), and all other hazardous air pollutants (HAPs) are calculated using U.S. EPA's AP-42 factors for four-stroke rich-burn engines.
- > TEG Dehydration Unit: Potential emissions of hazardous air pollutants (HAPs), volatile organic compounds (VOC), and methane from the dehydration unit are calculated using GRI-GLYCalc v4.0 and a site-specific gas analysis.
- > **Reboiler:** Potential emissions of all criteria pollutants and HAPs are calculated using U.S. EPA's AP-42 factors for natural gas external combustion equipment. <sup>1</sup> These calculations assume a site-specific heat content of natural gas.
- > Storage Tanks and Liquid Loading: Working, breathing and flashing emissions of VOC and HAPs from the waste fluid tanks are calculated using E&P TANK v2.0 software. Working and breathing emissions from all other tanks, along with the waste fluid loading emissions, were calculated using EPA Tanks 4.0.9d and AP-42 methodology.
- > **Fugitive Emissions:** Emissions from fugitive equipment leaks are calculated using published EPA emission factors and 40 CFR Part 98, Subpart W emission factors. Emissions from blowdown events are calculated using engineering estimates of the amount of gas vented. Site specific gas analyses were used to speciate VOC, HAP, and GHG emissions.
- > Haul Roads: Fugitive dust emitted from facility roadways has been estimated using projected vehicle miles traveled along with U.S. EPA's AP-42 factors for unpaved haul roads.<sup>2</sup>

Potential emissions of greenhouse gas pollutants (GHGs) are calculated using manufacturer's data as available ( $CO_2$  and  $CH_4$  in this case) and U.S. EPA's emission factors from 40 CFR Part 98, Subpart C for all others.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> U.S. EPA, AP 42, Fifth Edition, Volume I, Chapter 1.4, Natural Gas Combustion, July 1998.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> U.S. EPA, AP 42, Fifth Edition, Volume I, Section 13.2.2, Unpaved Roads, November 2006.

This section documents the applicability determinations made for Federal and State air quality regulations. In this section, applicability or non-applicability of the following regulatory programs is addressed:

- > Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) permitting:
- > Non-attainment New Source Review (NNSR) permitting;
- > Title V of the 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments;
- > New Source Performance Standards (NSPS);
- > National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP); and
- > West Virginia State Implementation Plan (SIP) regulations.

This review is presented to supplement and/or add clarification to the information provided in the WVDEP G35-D operating permit application forms.

In addition to providing a summary of applicable requirements, this section of the application also provides non-applicability determinations for certain regulations, allowing the WVDEP to confirm that identified regulations are not applicable to the facility. Note that explanations of non-applicability are limited to those regulations for which there may be some question of applicability specific to the operations at the station. Regulations that are categorically non-applicable are not discussed (e.g., NSPS Subpart J, Standards of Performance for Petroleum Refineries).

#### 3.1. PSD AND NNSR SOURCE CLASSIFICATION

Federal construction permitting programs regulate new and modified sources of attainment pollutants under Prevention of Significant Deterioration and new and modified sources of non-attainment pollutants under Non-Attainment New Source Review. PSD regulations apply when a new source is constructed in which emissions exceed major source thresholds, an existing minor source undergoes a modification in which emission increases exceed PSD major source thresholds, or an existing major source undergoes a modification in which emission increases exceed PSD significant emission rates. No new emissions sources are being proposed in this application; therefore, PSD and NNSR regulations do not apply to this application.

#### 3.2. TITLE V OPERATING PERMIT PROGRAM

Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations Part 70 (40 CFR 70) establishes the federal Title V operating permit program. West Virginia has incorporated the provisions of this federal program in its Title V operating permit program in West Virginia Code of State Regulations (CSR) 45-30. The major source thresholds with respect to the West Virginia Title V operating permit program regulations are 10 tons per year (tpy) of a single HAP, 25 tpy of any combination of HAP, and 100 tpy of all other regulated pollutants. The potential emissions of all regulated pollutants are below the corresponding threshold(s) at this facility. Therefore, the facility is not a major source for Title V purposes.

#### 3.3. NEW SOURCE PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

New Source Performance Standards, located in 40 CFR 60, require new, modified, or reconstructed sources to control emissions to the level achievable by the best demonstrated technology as specified in the applicable provisions. Moreover, any source subject to an NSPS is also subject to the general provisions of NSPS Subpart A, except where expressly noted. The following is a summary of applicability and non-applicability determinations for NSPS regulations of relevance to the facility. Besides 40 CFR 60 Subpart A (NSPS Subpart A), the following NSPS could potentially apply to the facility:

> 40 CFR Part 60 Subparts D, Da, Db, and Dc - Steam Generating Units

- > 40 CFR Part 60 Subparts K, Ka, and Kb Storage Vessels for Petroleum Liquids/Volatile Organic Liquids
- > 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart JJJJ Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines
- > 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart 0000 Crude Oil and Natural Gas Production, Transmission, and Distribution
- > 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart 0000a Crude Oil and Natural Gas Facilities

#### 3.3.1. NSPS Subparts D, Da, Db, and Dc - Steam Generating Units

These subparts apply to steam generating units of various sizes, all greater than 10 MMBtu/hr. The facility does not include any steam generating units with a heat input greater than 10 MMBtu/hr, therefore the requirements of these subparts do not apply.

# 3.3.2. NSPS Subparts K, Ka, and Kb - Storage Vessels for Petroleum Liquids/Volatile Organic Liquids

These subparts apply to storage tanks of certain sizes constructed, reconstructed, or modified during various time periods. Subpart K applies to storage tanks constructed, reconstructed, or modified prior to 1978, and Subpart Ka applies to those constructed, reconstructed, or modified prior to 1984. Both Subparts K and Ka apply to storage tanks with a capacity greater than 40,000 gallons. Subpart Kb applies to volatile organic liquid (VOL) storage tanks constructed, reconstructed, or modified after July 23, 1984 with a capacity equal to or greater than  $75 \text{ m}^3$  ( $\sim 19,813 \text{ gallons}$ ). All of the tanks at the facility have a capacity less than 19,813 gallons. As such, Subparts K, Ka, and Kb do not apply to the storage tanks at the facility.

#### 3.3.3. NSPS Subpart JJJJ - Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines

Subpart JJJJ – Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines, applies to manufacturers, owners and operators of stationary spark ignition (SI) engines. According to §60.4230(a)(4)(iii), for engines with a maximum engine power less than 500 HP, they must have been manufactured on or after July 1, 2008 for the requirements of this subpart to apply. Per the attached documentation, the compressor engine (CE-2A) was manufactured on November 17, 2007. Therefore, it is not subject to the requirements of this subpart.

The generator engine (GE-1) was manufactured on March 29, 2011 (see attached documentation) and thus is subject to Subpart JJJJ. However, as this unit is an EPA Certified Unit (see attached Certificate of Conformity), the applicant is not required to conduct performance testing. Instead, it is required to operate and maintain the certified stationary SI internal combustion engine and control device according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions.

# 3.3.4. NSPS Subpart OOOO — Crude Oil and Natural Gas Production, Transmission, and Distribution

Subpart 0000 – *Standards of Performance for Crude Oil and Natural Gas Production, Transmission, and Distribution,* applies to affected facilities that commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification after August 23, 2011 and before September 18, 2015. The facility does not include any sources that are affected sources under this regulation. Therefore, the facility has no applicable requirements under this regulation.

Regarding the reciprocating compressor (associated with CE-2A) at the facility, per the email from USA Compression on 1/9/2015 (included in Attachment U), the engine was manufactured on 11/17/2007 and set/operated on location for the first time on 7/28/2008 in Hughes County, OK. Per §60.14(e)(6), the relocation or change in ownership of an existing facility is not considered a modification for NSPS purposes. Therefore, the reciprocating compressor commenced construction prior to the applicability date of Subpart 0000 and is not subject to the requirements of this regulation (rod packing changes, etc.).

#### 3.3.5. NSPS Subpart OOOOa — Crude Oil and Natural Gas Facilities

Subpart 0000a – Standards of Standards of Performance for Crude Oil and Natural Gas Facilities, applies to affected facilities that commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification after September 18, 2015. No sources were installed after September 18, 2015; therefore, the rule does not apply to equipment at the facility.

#### 3.3.6. Non-Applicability of All Other NSPS

NSPS are developed for particular industrial source categories. Other than NSPS developed for natural gas processing plants (Subparts 0000 and 0000a) and associated equipment (Subpart K-Kb), the applicability of a particular NSPS to the facility can be readily ascertained based on the industrial source category covered. All other NSPS are categorically not applicable to the proposed project.

#### 3.4. NATIONAL EMISSION STANDARDS FOR HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS

Part 63 NESHAP allowable emission limits are established on the basis of a maximum achievable control technology (MACT) determination for a particular major source. A HAP major source is defined as having potential emissions in excess of 25 tpy for total HAP and/or potential emissions in excess of 10 tpy for any individual HAP. The facility is an area (minor) source of HAP since its potential emissions of HAP are less than the 10/25 major source thresholds. Besides 40 CFR 63 Subpart A (NESHAP Subpart A), which is similar to 40 CFR 60 Subpart A (NSPS Subpart A), the following NESHAP could potentially apply to the facility:

- > 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart HH Oil and Natural Gas Production Facilities
- > 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart ZZZZ Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines
- > 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart JJJJJJ Industrial, Commercial, and Institutional Boilers

#### 3.4.1. NESHAP Subpart HH - Oil and Natural Gas Production Facilities

This MACT standard contains requirements for both major and area sources of HAP. The benzene emissions from the glycol dehydrator vent will be less than 0.90 megagrams per year (1 tpy), therefore, the facility is exempt from the requirements of NESHAP Subpart HH pursuant to 40 CFR §63.764(e)(1)(ii), except for the requirement to keep records of the actual average natural gas flow rate or actual average benzene emissions from the dehydrators, per 40 CFR §63.774(d)(1). The applicant will continue to comply with the requirements of Subpart HH.

#### 3.4.2. NESHAP Subpart ZZZZ - Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines

Stationary reciprocating internal combustion engines (RICE) at both area and major sources of HAP emissions are potentially subject to Subpart ZZZZ – NESHAP for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines (RICE). Per §63.6590(a)(2)(iii), a stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP emissions is new if you commenced construction of the stationary reciprocating internal combustion engine (RICE) on or after 6/12/2006. Per the notes above, the compressor engine and generator engine commenced construction after this date, and are therefore a new RICE under Subpart ZZZZ. Per §63.6590(c), "[...] An affected source that meets any of the criteria in paragraphs (c)(1) through (7) of this section must meet the requirements of this part by meeting the requirements of 40 CFR part 60 subpart IIII, for compression ignition engines or 40 CFR part 60 Subpart JJJJ, for spark ignition engines. No further requirements apply for such engines under this part." Specifically, §63.6590(c)(1) includes "a new or reconstructed stationary RICE located at an area source"; the compressor engine and generator engine fall into this category. Therefore, neither engine has applicable Subpart ZZZZ requirements, other than to comply with any applicable 40 CFR 60 Subpart JJJJ requirements. Please also note that per §63.6590(1)(iv), a change in ownership of an existing stationary RICE does not make that stationary RICE a new or reconstructed stationary RICE.

#### 3.4.3. NESHAP JJJJJJ - Industrial, Commercial, and Institutional Boilers

This MACT standard applies to industrial, commercial, and institutional boilers of various sizes and fuel types at area sources. The reboiler is natural gas-fired and thus specifically exempt from this subpart. Therefore, no sources at the facility are subject to any requirements under 40 CFR 63 Subpart JJJJJ.

#### 3.5. WEST VIRGINIA SIP REGULATIONS

The facility is potentially subject to regulations contained in the West Virginia Code of State Regulations, Chapter 45 (Code of State Regulations). The Code of State Regulations fall under two main categories: those regulations that are generally applicable (e.g., permitting requirements), and those that have specific applicability (e.g., PM standards for manufacturing equipment).

# 3.5.1. 45 CSR 2: To Prevent and Control Particulate Air Pollution from Combustion of Fuel in Indirect Heat Exchangers

45 CSR 2 applies to fuel burning units, defined as equipment burning fuel "for the primary purpose of producing heat or power by indirect heat transfer". The reboiler is a fuel burning unit and therefore must comply with this regulation. Per 45 CSR 2-3, opacity of emissions from units shall not exceed 10 percent, based on a six-minute block average. Note that as the reboiler is less than 10 MMBtu/hr, it is exempt from PM emission limits.

# 3.5.2. 45 CSR 4: To Prevent and Control the Discharge of Air Pollutants into the Air Which Causes or Contributes to an Objectionable Odor

According to 45 CSR 4-3:

No person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit the discharge of air pollutants which cause or contribute to an objectionable odor at any location occupied by the public.

The facility is generally subject to this requirement. However, due to the nature of the process at the station, production of objectionable odor during normal operation is unlikely.

#### 3.5.3. 45 CSR 6: To Prevent and Control the Air Pollution from the Combustion of Refuse

45 CSR 6 applies to activities involving incineration of refuse, defined as "the destruction of combustible refuse by burning in a furnace designed for that purpose. For the purposes of this rule, the destruction of any combustible liquid or gaseous material by burning in a flare or flare stack, thermal oxidizer or thermal catalytic oxidizer stack shall be considered incineration." There are no control devices at the facility that utilize 'incineration'.

# 3.5.4. 45 CSR 10: To Prevent and Control Air Pollution from the Emission of Sulfur Oxides

This rule potentially applies to fuel burning units, including glycol dehydration unit reboilers. Per 45 CSR 10-10.1, units rated less than 10 MMBtu/hr are exempt from the  $SO_2$  emission limitations and testing, monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements of this rule. The reboiler is rated less than 10 MMBtu/hr and as such is exempt from this rule.

#### 3.5.5. 45 CSR 16: Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources

45 CSR 16-1 incorporates the federal Clean Air Act (CAA) standards of performance for new stationary sources set forth in 40 CSR Part 60 by reference. As such, by complying with all applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 60 at the facility, the applicant will be complying with 45 CSR 16.

# 3.5.6. 45 CSR 17: To Prevent and Control Particulate Matter Air Pollution from Materials Handling, Preparation, Storage and Other Sources of Fugitive Particulate Matter

According to 45 CSR 17-3.1:

No person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit fugitive particulate matter to be discharged beyond the boundary lines of the property lines of the property on which the discharge originates or at any public or residential location, which causes or contributes to statutory air pollution.

Due to the nature of the activities at the facility, it is unlikely that fugitive particulate matter emissions will be emitted under normal operating conditions. However, the applicant will take measures to ensure any fugitive particulate matter emissions will not cross the property boundary should any such emissions occur.

#### 3.5.7. 45 CSR 21-28: Petroleum Liquid Storage in Fixed Roof Tanks

45 CSR 21-28 applies to any fixed roof petroleum liquid storage tank with a capacity greater than 40,000 gallons located in Putnam County, Kanawha County, Cabell County, Wayne County, and Wood County. The capacity of each storage tank at the facility is less than 40,000 gallons and the facility is not located in the listed counties. Therefore, 45 CSR 21-28 does not apply to the storage tanks at this station.

#### 3.5.8. 45 CSR 34: Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants

45 CSR 34-1 incorporates the federal Clean Air Act (CAA) national emissions standards for hazardous air pollutants (NESHAPs) as set forth in 40 CPR Parts 61 and 63 by reference. As such, by complying with all applicable requirements of 40 CFR Parts 61 and 63 at the facility, the applicant will be complying with 45 CSR 34.

#### 3.5.9. Non-Applicability of Other SIP Rules

A thorough examination of the West Virginia SIP rules with respect to applicability at the facility reveals many SIP regulations that do not apply or impose additional requirements on operations. Such SIP rules include those specific to a particular type of industrial operation that is categorically not applicable to the facility.

## 4. G35-D APPLICATION FORMS

The WVDEP permit application forms contained in this application include all applicable G35-D application forms including the required attachments.



#### west virginia department of environmental protection

Division of Air Quality 601 57th Street SE Charleston, WV 25304 Phone (304) 926-0475 Fax (304) 926-0479 www.dep.wv.gov

## G35-D GENERAL PERMIT REGISTRATION APPLICATION

PREVENTION AND CONTROL OF AIR POLLUTION IN REGARD TO THE CONSTRUCTION, MODIFICATION,
RELOCATION, ADMINISTRATIVE UPDATE AND OPERATION OF
NATURAL CAS COMPRESSOR AND/OR DEHANDATION FACILITIES

NATURAL GAS C	OMPRESSOR AN	D/OR DEHYDRATION FACIL	ITIES
□CONSTRUCTION ☑MODIFICATION □RELOCATION		□CLASS I ADMINISTRATIV □CLASS II ADMINISTRATIV	
SE	CTION 1. GENE	RAL INFORMATION	
Name of Applicant (as registered with the	WV Secretary of S	tate's Office): Superior Appalac	hian Pipeline, LLC
Federal Employer ID No. (FEIN): 27-2238	421		
Applicant's Mailing Address: 4000 Town	Center Boulevard	f, Suite 220	
City: Canonsburg	State: PA		ZIP Code: 15317
Facility Name: Preston Compressor Stati	ion		
Operating Site Physical Address: See lat/lo If none available, list road, city or town and			
City: Bruceton Mills	Zip Code: 26525		County: Preston
Latitude & Longitude Coordinates (NAD83 Latitude: 39.72069 Longitude: -79.59528	, Decimal Degrees	to 5 digits):	
SIC Code: 1311		DAQ Facility ID No. (For exist	ting facilities)
NAICS Code: 211111		077-00089	
C	CERTIFICATION (	OF INFORMATION	
This G35-D General Permit Registration Official is a President, Vice President, Sec Directors, or Owner, depending on business authority to bind the Corporation, Pa Proprietorship. Required records of dai compliance certifications and all requi Representative. If a business wishes to cert off and the appropriate names and sign unsigned G35-D Registration Application utilized, the application will be	retary, Treasurer, s structure. A busing the structure of	General Partner, General Managoness may certify an Authorized R Liability Company, Association, are of operation and maintenance, must be signed by a Responsible C Representative, the official agree y administratively incomplete of	er, a member of the Board of epresentative who shall have an Joint Venture or Sole general correspondence, Official or an Authorized ement below shall be checked or improperly signed or a fit the G35-D forms are not
I hereby certify that <u>Robert Parks</u> is an Aut business (e.g., Corporation, Partnership, Limay obligate and legally bind the business. shall notify the Director of the Division of I hereby certify that all information contain documents appended hereto is, to the best of have been made to provide the most compression.	mited Liability Co If the business cha Air Quality immed ed in this G35-D ( f my/knowledge, t	mpany, Association Joint Ventur anges its Authorized Representat liately. General Permit Registration Appl rue, accurate and tomplete, and t	e or Sole Proprietorship) and ive, a Responsible Official
Responsible Official Signature:  Name and Title: Robert Parks, President Email: bparks@superiorpipeline.com		(918) 382,7200 5 18 13 = 17	Fax: N/A
If applicable: Authorized Representative Signature: Name and Title: Email:	Phone: Date:	Fax:	
If applicable: Environmental Contact Name and Title: Jennifer Frazier, Environm Email: jennifer.frazier@unitcorp.com	ental Specialist	Phone: (918) 477-3942 F	ax:

No new operation or changes – application is being submitted the facility.	d per WVDEP request to clarify source information regarding
onto MacCorkle Ave SE (travel 1.8 mi). Turn right onto 36th St (travel 0.2 mi). Use the right lane to take the ramp onto I-64 W/Use the right 2 lanes to take the Interstate 77 N/Interstate 79 N e	I-77 N (travel 0.1 mi). Merge onto I-64 W/I-77 N (travel 2.5 mi). exit toward Parkersburg (travel 0.5 mi). Continue onto I-77 N low signs for Clarksburg (travel 148 mi). Use the right 2 lanes to thinue onto I-68 E (travel 22.4 mi). Take exit 23 for WV-26 (travel 1.7 mi). Turn left onto Clifton Mills Rd (travel 3.2 mi). eight right onto Sr2005 (travel 0.4 mi). Turn right onto Fox
ATTACHMENTS AND SU	PPORTING DOCUMENTS
I have enclosed the following required documen	ts:
Check payable to WVDEP - Division of Air Quality with the	appropriate application fee (per 45CSR13 and 45CSR22).
<ul> <li>☑ Check attached to front of application.</li> <li>☐ I wish to pay by electronic transfer. Contact for payment (</li> <li>☐ I wish to pay by credit card. Contact for payment (incl. nations)</li> <li>☑ \$500 (Construction, Modification, and Relocation)</li> <li>☑ \$1,000 NSPS fee for 40 CFR60, Subpart IIII, JJJJ and/or O</li> <li>☑ \$2,500 NESHAP fee for 40 CFR63, Subpart ZZZZ and/or H</li> </ul>	ame and email address):  \$\Bigsim \frac{300}{300} (Class II Administrative Update)  \$\text{OOO and/or OOOOa} \frac{1}{300}\$
<ul> <li>Only one NSPS fee will apply.</li> <li>Only one NESHAP fee will apply. The Subpart ZZZZ NESH requirements by complying with NSPS, Subparts IIII and/or J. NSPS and NESHAP fees apply to new construction or if the see</li> </ul>	JJJ.
🖾 Responsible Official or Authorized Representative Signatu	re (if applicable)
⊠ Single Source Determination Form (must be completed in	its entirety) - Attachment A
☐ Siting Criteria Waiver (if applicable) - Attachment B	☐ Current Business Certificate - Attachment C
☐ Process Flow Diagram - Attachment D	□ Process Description – Attachment E
☑ Plot Plan – Attachment F	⊠ Area Map – Attachment G
⊠ G35-D Section Applicability Form – Attachment H	⊠ Emission Units/ERD Table - Attachment I
☑ Fugitive Emissions Summary Sheet – Attachment J	
$\boxtimes$ Storage Vessel(s) Data Sheet (include gas sample data, US HYSYS, etc.), etc. where applicable) – Attachment K	EPA Tanks, simulation software (e.g. ProMax, E&P Tanks,
Natural Gas Fired Fuel Burning Unit(s) Data Sheet (GPUs,	Heater Treaters, In-Line Heaters if applie.) – Attachment $\boldsymbol{L}$
$\boxtimes$ Internal Combustion Engine Data Sheet(s) (include manuf.	performance data sheet(s) if applicable) - Attachment M
□ Tanker Truck Loading Data Sheet (if applicable) - Attachn	nent N
☐ Glycol Dehydration Unit Data Sheet(s) (include wet gas an information on reboiler if applicable) – Attachment O	alysis, GRI- GLYCalc™ input and output reports and
☑ Pneumatic Controllers Data Sheet – Attachment P	
☐ Centrifugal Compressor Data Sheet - Attachment Q	
oxtimes Reciprocating Compressor Data Sheet – Attachment R	
oxtimes Blowdown and Pigging Operations Data Sheet – Attachmer	at S
$\boxtimes$ Air Pollution Control Device/Emission Reduction Device(sapplicable) - Attachment T	Sheet(s) (include manufacturer performance data sheet(s) if
oxtimes Emission Calculations (please be specific and include all calculations)	alculation methodologies used) - Attachment U
oxtimes Facility-wide Emission Summary Sheet(s) – Attachment $V$	
⊠ Class I Legal Advertisement - Attachment W	

OPERATING SITE INFORMATION

Briefly describe the proposed new operation and/or any change(s) to the facility:

All attachments must be identified by name, divided into sections, and submitted in order.

🛮 One (1) paper copy and two (2) copies of CD or DVD with pdf copy of application and attachments

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**Single Source Determination Form** 

#### ATTACHMENT A - SINGLE SOURCE DETERMINATION FORM

Classifying multiple facilities as one "stationary source" under 45CSR13, 45CSR14, and 45CSR19 is based on the definition of Building, structure, facility, or installation as given in §45-14-2.13 and §45-19-2.12. The definition states:

"Building, Structure, Facility, or Installation" means all of the pollutant-emitting activities which belong to the same industrial grouping, are located on one or more contiguous or adjacent properties, and are under the control of the same person (or persons under common control). Pollutant-emitting activities are a part of the same industrial grouping if they belong to the same "Major Group" (i.e., which have the same two (2)-digit code) as described in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 (United States Government Printing Office stock number GPO 1987 0-185-718:QL 3).

The Source Determination Rule for the oil and gas industry was published in the Federal Register on June 3, 2016 and will become effective on August 2, 2016. EPA defined the term "adjacent" and stated that equipment and activities in the oil and gas sector that are under common control will be considered part of the same source if they are located on the same site or on sites that share equipment and are within ¼ mile of each other.

common control will be considered part of the same source if they are located on the same site or on sites that share equipment and are within ¼ mile of each other.
Is there equipment and activities in the same industrial grouping (defined by SIC code)? Yes □ No ⊠
Is there equipment and activities under the control of the same person/people?  Yes □ No ⊠
Is there equipment and activities located on the same site or on sites that share equipment and are within ¼ mile of each other?  Yes □ No ☒

### ATTACHMENT A: SINGLE SOURCE DETERMINATION MAP



Figure 1 - Map of Location with 1 Mile Radius Circle

<u>Coordinates:</u> Latitude: 39° 43' 14.5" N, Longitude: 79° 35' 43.0" W

Siting Criteria Waiver (not applicable)

## ATTACHMENT B - SITING CRITERIA WAIVER - NOT APPLICABLE

If applicable, please complete this form and it must be notarized.

## **G35-D General Permit** Siting Criteria Waiver

## WV Division of Air Quality 300' Waiver

	I		hereby
acki			will
aoid	10 Wiedge and agree that	General Permit Applicant's Name	YVIII
const		natural gas compressor and/or de nin 300' of my dwelling and/or b	
		the West Virginia Department of the construct, install and opera	
		Signed:	
=	Signature		Date
- 5	Signature		Date
	Taken, subscribed and	l sworn before me this	_ day of
	ş <del>.</del>	, 20	
	My commission	expires:	
	SEAL	Notary Public	

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**Current Business Certificate** 

# WEST VIRGINIA STATE TAX DEPARTMENT BUSINESS REGISTRATION CERTIFICATE

**ISSUED TO:** 

SUPERIOR APPALACHIAN PIPELINE, L.L.C. 7130 S LEWIS AVE 1000 TULSA, OK 74136-5492

BUSINESS REGISTRATION ACCOUNT NUMBER:

2246-9272

This certificate is issued on:

11/24/2010

This certificate is issued by the West Virginia State Tax Commissioner in accordance with Chapter 11, Article 12, of the West Virginia Code

The person or organization identified on this certificate is registered to conduct business in the State of West Virginia at the location above.

This certificate is not transferrable and must be displayed at the location for which issued.

This certificate shall be permanent until cessation of the business for which the certificate of registration was granted or until it is suspended, revoked or cancelled by the Tax Commissioner.

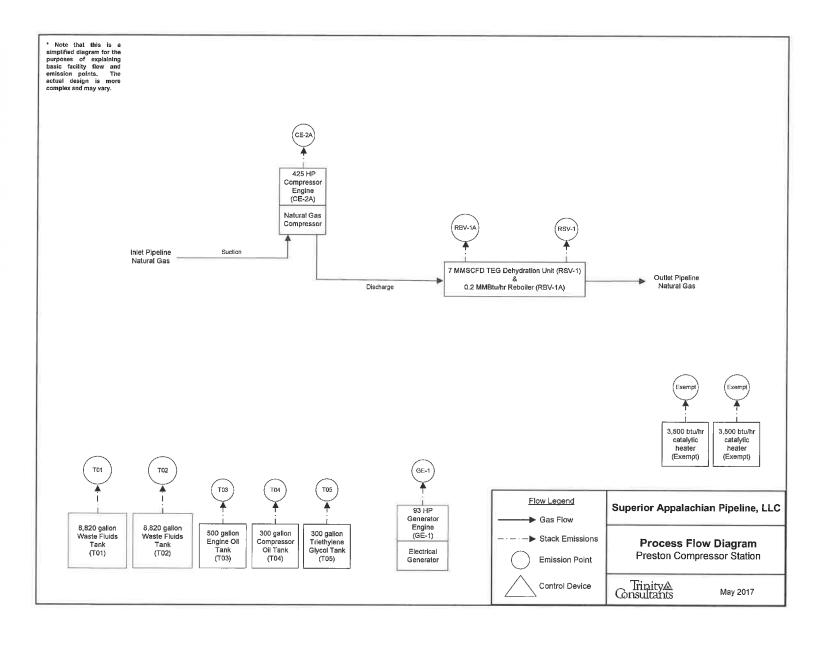
Change in name or change of location shall be considered a cessation of the business and a new certificate shall be required.

TRAVELING/STREET VENDORS: Must carry a copy of this certificate in every vehicle operated by them. CONTRACTORS, DRILLING OPERATORS, TIMBER/LOGGING OPERATIONS: Must have a copy of this certificate displayed at every job site within West Virginia.

atL006 v.4 L0084664064

## ATTACHMENT D

**Process Flow Diagram** 



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-			1 / V		<b>4</b> E	_

**Process Description** 

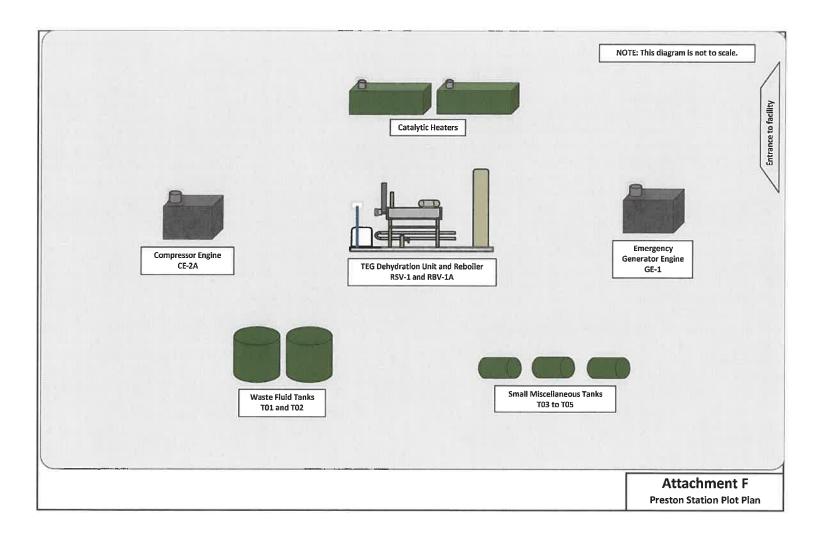
#### ATTACHMENT E: PROCESS DESCRIPTION

The Preston Compressor Station compresses and dehydrates natural gas from production wells prior to transmission along the pipeline system. A reciprocating compressor utilizes the power created by a reciprocating internal combustion engine (RICE) to compress (raise the pressure of) the incoming gas stream. Subsequently, the gas stream passes through a triethylene glycol (TEG) dehydration unit, which introduces TEG to the stream in a contact tower to absorb water vapor from the gas to meet customer specifications. The TEG is then sent to the natural gas-fired reboiler, which uses heat to evaporate entrained water from the TEG. The TEG is then discharged back to the contact tower for reuse. The natural gas stream from the contact tower flows into the pipeline to be transported further along the pipeline system. Emergency electrical power is provided to the facility via a generator engine.

A process flow diagram is included as Attachment D.

## ATTACHMENT F

**Plot Plan** 



Area Map



#### ATTACHMENT G: AREA MAP

Figure 1 - Map of Location

UTM Northing (KM): 4,397.701

UTM Easting (KM):

620.396

Elevation:

~2,015 ft

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**G35-D Section Applicability Form** 

#### ATTACHMENT H - G35-D SECTION APPLICABILITY FORM

# General Permit G35-D Registration Section Applicability Form

General Permit G35-D was developed to allow qualified applicants to seek registration for a variety of sources. These sources include storage vessels, gas production units, in-line heaters, heater treaters, glycol dehydration units and associated reboilers, pneumatic controllers, centrifugal compressors, reciprocating compressors, reciprocating internal combustion engines (RICEs), tank truck loading, fugitive emissions, completion combustion devices, flares, enclosed combustion devices, and vapor recovery systems. All registered facilities will be subject to Sections 1.0, 2.0, 3.0, and 4.0.

General Permit G35-D allows the registrant to choose which sections of the permit they are seeking registration under. Therefore, please mark which additional sections that you are applying for registration under. If the applicant is seeking registration under multiple sections, please select all that apply. Please keep in mind, that if this registration is approved, the issued registration will state which sections will apply to your affected facility.

	GENERAL PERMIT G35-D APPLICABLE SECTIONS
⊠ Section 5.0	Storage Vessels Containing Condensate and/or Produced Water <sup>1</sup>
☐ Section 6.0	Storage Vessel Affected Facility (NSPS, Subpart OOOO/OOOa)
⊠ Section 7.0	Control Devices and Emission Reduction Devices not subject to NSPS Subpart OOOO/OOOoa and/or NESHAP Subpart HH
⊠ Section 8.0	Small Heaters and Reboilers not subject to 40CFR60 Subpart Dc
☐ Section 9.0	Pneumatic Controllers Affected Facility (NSPS, Subpart OOOO/OOOa)
☐ Section 10.0	Centrifugal Compressor Affected Facility (NSPS, Subpart OOOO/OOOa) <sup>2</sup>
⊠ Section 11.0	Reciprocating Compressor Affected Facility (NSPS, Subpart OOOO/OOOa) <sup>2</sup>
⊠ Section 12.0	Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines, Generator Engines. Microturbine Generators
⊠ Section 13.0	Tanker Truck Loading <sup>3</sup>
⊠ Section 14.0	Glycol Dehydration Units <sup>4</sup>
⊠ Section 15.0	Blowdown and Pigging Operations
⊠ Section 16.0	Fugitive Emission Components (NSPS, Subpart OOOOa)*

- Applicants that are subject to Section 5 may also be subject to Section 6 if the applicant is subject to the NSPS, Subpart OOOO/OOOOa control requirements or the applicable control device requirements of Section 7.
- 2 Applicants that are subject to Section 10 and 11 may also be subject to the applicable RICE requirements of Section 12.
- 3 Applicants that are subject to Section 13 may also be subject to control device and emission reduction device requirements of Section 7.
- 4 Applicants that are subject to Section 14 may also be subject to the requirements of Section 8 (reboilers). Applicants that are subject to Section 14 may also be subject to control device and emission reduction device requirements of Section 7.

<sup>\*</sup>This station does not have any facilities subject to NSPS OOOOa

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**Emission Units/ERD Table** 

#### ATTACHMENT I - EMISSION UNITS / EMISSION REDUCTION DEVICES (ERD) TABLE

Include ALL emission units and air pollution control devices/ERDs that will be part of this permit application review. Do not include fugitive emission sources in this table. Deminimis storage tanks shall be listed in the Attachment K table. This information is required for all sources regardless of whether it is a construction, modification, or administrative update.

Emission Unit ID <sup>1</sup>	Emission Point ID <sup>2</sup>	Emission Unit Description	Year Installed	Manufac. Date <sup>3</sup>	Design Capacity	Type <sup>4</sup> and Date of Change	Control Device(s) <sup>5</sup>	ERD(s)6
CE-2A	CE-2A	Compressor Engine	2014	2007	425 HP	Existing	C2A	
GE-1	GE-1	Generator Engine	2011	2011	93 HP	Existing	None	1
RSV-1	RSV-1	Dehydration Unit	2011		7 MMSCFD	Existing	None	
RBV-1A	RBV-1A	Reboiler	2014		0.2 MMbtu/hr	Existing	None	
T01	T01	Waste Fluid Tank	2011		8,820 Gallons	Existing	None	
T02	T02	Waste Fluid Tank	2011		8,820 Gallons	Existing	None	
T03	T03	Engine Oil Tank	2011		500 Gallons	Existing	None	
T04	T04	Compressor Oil Tank	2011		300 Gallons	Existing	None	
T05	T05	Triethylene Glycol Tank	2011		300 Gallons	Existing	None	
L01	L01	Liquid Loading	2011		211,680 Gallons	Existing	None	T
		Catalytic Heaters	2011		0.007 MMbtu/hr	Existing	None	
		Fugitives	2011			Existing	None	
		Haul Roads	2011			Existing	None	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For Emission Units (or Sources) use the following numbering system: 15, 25, 35,... or other appropriate designation.
<sup>2</sup> For Emission Points use the following numbering system: 1E, 2E, 3E, ... or other appropriate designation.
<sup>3</sup> When required by rule

<sup>\*\*</sup>New, modification, removal, existing \*\*New, modification, removal, existing \*\*For Control Devices use the following numbering system: 1C, 2C, 3C,... or other appropriate designation. \*\*For ERDs use the following numbering system: 1D, 2D, 3D,... or other appropriate designation.

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**Fugitive Emission Summary Sheet(s)** 

4	• • •	AT	 FACHMENT J – FU	GITIVE EMISSIONS SU	MMARY SH	EET	- Acceptance		
	Sources			loading operations, equipme associated source or equipm			ions, etc.		
Source/Equipm	ent: Fugitiv	e Emissions							
Leak Detection Method Used				☐ Infrared (FLIR) cameras ☐ Other (please describe)			□ None required		
Is the facility s	ubject to qua	arterly LDAR 1	monitoring under 40CFR60	Subpart OOOOa? 🛛 Yes 🗆 🗅	No. If no, why?				
Component Type	Closed		Source	of Lank Footors	Stream type	Estimated Emissions (tpy)			
	Vent Count System		Source of Leak Factors (EPA, other (specify))		(gas, liquid, etc.)	VOC	НАР	GHG (CO <sub>2</sub> e)	
Pumps	□ Yes ⊠ No	3	U.S. EPA. Office of Air Protocol for Equipment Le (EPA-453)	☐ Gas ☑ Liquid ☐ Both	0.58	0.06	0.14		
Valves	□ Yes ⊠ No	78	U.S. EPA. Office of Air Protocol for Equipment Le (EPA-453)	☐ Gas☐ Liquid☐ Both	0.01	9.4E-04	9.50		
Safety Relief Valves	□ Yes ⊠ No	7	U.S. EPA. Office of Air Protocol for Equipment Le (EPA-453)	⊠ Gas □ Liquid □ Both	0.01	1.5E-03	1.26		
Open Ended Lines	□ Yes ⊠ No	3	U.S. EPA. Office of Air Protocol for Equipment Le (EPA-453)	□ Gas □ Liquid ⊠ Both	1.0E-04	1.0E-05	0.83		
Sampling Connections	□ Yes ⊠ No		N/A		□ Gas □ Liquid □ Both				
Connections (Not sampling)	□ Yes ☑ No	324	U.S. EPA. Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards. Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates. Table 2-1. (EPA-453/R-95-017, 1995).		□ Gas □ Liquid ⊠ Both	0.01	1.2E-03	4.39	
Compressors	☐ Yes ☑ No	1	U.S. EPA. Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards. Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates. Table 2-1. (EPA-453/R-95-017, 1995).		⊠ Gas □ Liquid □ Both	4.6E-03	4.6E-04	18.82	
Flanges	☐ Yes ☐ No		(included in connections)		□ Gas □ Liquid □ Both				
Other <sup>1</sup>	□ Yes ⊠ No	0	(pneumatic cont	⊠ Gas □ Liquid □ Both	0	0	0		
1 Other equipm	ent types ma	y include comp	pressor seals, relief valves, o	diaphragms, drains, meters, etc.					
			t bypasses (include compone						
Specify all equipment used in the closed vent system (e.g. VRU, ERD, thief hatches, tanker truck loading, etc.)									

Storage Vessel Data Sheet(s)

### ATTACHMENT K – STORAGE VESSEL DATA SHEET

Complete this data sheet if you are the owner or operator of a storage vessel that contains condensate and/or produced water. This form must be completed for *each* new or modified bulk liquid storage vessel(s) that contains condensate and/or produced water. (If you have more than one (1) identical tank (i.e. 4-400 bbl condensate tanks), then you can list all on one (1) data sheet). Include gas sample analysis, flashing emissions, working and breathing losses, USEPA Tanks, simulation software (ProMax, E&P Tanks, HYSYS, etc.), and any other supporting documents where applicable.

### The following information is REQUIRED:

- ☑ Composition of the representative sample used for the simulation
- - □ Temperature and pressure (inlet and outlet from separator(s))
  - Simulation-predicted composition
- Resulting flash emission factor or flashing emissions from simulation
- Working/breathing loss emissions from tanks and/or loading emissions if simulation is used to quantify those emissions

Additional information may be requested if necessary.

### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Bulk Storage Area Name	2. Tank Name				
Preston Compressor Station	Waste Fluids Tank(s)				
3. Emission Unit ID number	4. Emission Point ID number				
T01 & T02	T01 & T02				
5. Date Installed, Modified or Relocated (for existing tanks)	6. Type of change:				
2011 (T01 & T02)	☐ New construction				
Was the tank manufactured after August 23, 2011?	☐ New stored material				
☐ Yes	☑ Other (none)				
	☐ Relocation				
7A. Description of Tank Modification (if applicable) N/A					
7B. Will more than one material be stored in this tank? If so, a	separate form must be completed for each				
material.					
☐ Yes					
7C. Was USEPA Tanks simulation software utilized?					
☐ Yes					
If Yes, please provide the appropriate documentation and items 8-42 below are not required.					

### TANK INFORMATION

8. Design Capacity (speci	fy barrels or gallor	ıs). Use t	he internal	cross-sec	tional are	a multiplie	d by inter	nal height.
9A. Tank Internal Diamet	er (ft.) 10			9B. Tan	k Internal	l Height (ft	.) 15	
10A. Maximum Liquid H						quid Heigh		
11A. Maximum Vapor Sp						por Space		75
12. Nominal Capacity (sp		llons). Th	is is also k					
13A. Maximum annual th								day) See attached
emissions calculations fo	- 1							hput values
14. Number of tank turno								See attached emissions
emissions calculations for all throughput values calculations for all throughput values								
16. Tank fill method □ Submerged □ Splash □ Bottom Loading								
17. Is the tank system a va	ariable vapor space	system?	☐ Yes	⊠ No				
If yes, (A) What is the vol	ume expansion cap	acity of th	ne system (	gal)?				
(B) What are the nu	mber of transfers in	nto the sy:	stem per y	ear?				
18. Type of tank (check al	ll that apply):							
□ Fixed Roof    □ v	rertical	ontal 🗆	l flat roof	⊠ con€	roof [	dome roo	of 🗆 otl	ner (describe)
☐ External Floating Roof	pontooi	roof [	☐ double d	leck roof				
☐ Domed External (or Co	overed) Floating Ro	oof						
☐ Internal Floating Roof	☐ vertical	column s	upport [	∃ self-sur	porting			
☐ Variable Vapor Space	☐ lifter ro							
□ Pressurized	□ spherica		lindrical					
☐ Other (describe)	□ spileries	п 🗀 Оу	maricai					
Unit (describe)								
PRESSURE/VACUUM CONTROL DATA  19. Check as many as apply:  □ Does Not Apply □ Rupture Disc (psig)  □ Inert Gas Blanket of □ Carbon Adsorption¹  □ Vent to Vapor Combustion Device¹ (vapor combustors, flares, thermal oxidizers, enclosed combustors)  □ Conservation Vent (psig) □ Condenser¹  Vacuum Setting Pressure Setting  □ Emergency Relief Valve (psig)  Vacuum Setting Pressure Setting  □ Thief Hatch Weighted ☑ Yes □ No  ¹ Complete appropriate Air Pollution Control Device Sheet								
20. Expected Emission Ra Material Name							uon).	Fotimation Made 11
iviateriai iname	Flashing Loss	breathi	ing Loss	Workir	ig Loss	Total Emissio	ne I cee	Estimation Method <sup>1</sup>
	lb/hr tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr		
	10/11 tpy	10/111	rpy	10/111	тру	10/111	tpy	
	See attach	ed Emi	ssions C	alculati	ion for a	all value	s	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> EPA = EPA Emission Factor, MB = Material Balance, SS = Similar Source, ST = Similar Source Test, Throughput Data, O = Other (specify) Remember to attach emissions calculations, including TANKS Summary Sheets and other modeling summary sheets if applicable.

TANK CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATION INFORMATION						
21. Tank Shell Construction:						
☐ Riveted ☐ Gunite lined ☐ Epox	cy-coated rivets   C	ther (describe)				
21A. Shell Color:	21B. Roof Color:		21C. Yea	r Last Painted:		
22. Shell Condition (if metal and unlined):	I.					
☐ No Rust ☐ Light Rust ☐ Dense	Rust 🗆 Not applic	eable				
22A. Is the tank heated? ☐ Yes ☒ No	22B. If yes, operating		22C. If ye	es, how is heat provided to tank?		
23. Operating Pressure Range (psig): TBD	-		- 1/2			
Must be listed for tanks using VRUs wi						
24. Is the tank a Vertical Fixed Roof Tank?	24A. If yes, for dome	roof provide radius (ft)	: 24B. If ye	es, for cone roof, provide slop (ft/ft):		
⊠ Yes □ No						
25. Complete item 25 for Floating Roof Tank	s Does not apply	$\boxtimes$				
25A. Year Internal Floaters Installed:						
25B. Primary Seal Type (check one):   Met	tallic (mechanical) sho	e seal 🔲 Liquid n	ounted resil	ient seal		
□ Va <sub>l</sub>	or mounted resilient s	seal Other (d	escribe):			
25C. Is the Floating Roof equipped with a seco	ndary seal? Yes	□ No	•			
25D. If yes, how is the secondary seal mounted			Other (describ	ne).		
			viller (descrit	<i>.</i>		
25E. Is the floating roof equipped with a weath	er shield? LI Yes	□ No				
25F. Describe deck fittings:						
26. Complete the following section for International		☐ Does not app				
21	Velded	26B. For bolted decl	s, provide dec	ek construction:		
26C. Deck seam. Continuous sheet construction						
$\square$ 5 ft. wide $\square$ 6 ft. wide $\square$ 7 ft. wid	e 🗆 5 x 7.5 ft. wide	☐ 5 x 12 ft. wide	☐ other (de	escribe)		
26D. Deck seam length (ft.): 26E. Area	of deck (ft²):	26F. For column sup	ported	26G. For column supported		
		tanks, # of columns:		tanks, diameter of column:		
27. Closed Vent System with VRU? ☐ Yes	⊠ No					
28. Closed Vent System with Enclosed Combu	stor? □ Yes ⊠ No					
SITE INFORMATION - Not Applicable:	Tank calculations pe	rformed using E&l	TANK soft	tware		
29. Provide the city and state on which the data	in this section are based					
30. Daily Avg. Ambient Temperature (°F):		31. Annual Avg. Ma		erature (°F):		
32. Annual Avg. Minimum Temperature (°F):			Avg. Wind Speed (mph):			
34. Annual Avg. Solar Insulation Factor (BTU/		35. Atmospheric Pre				
LIQUID INFORMATION - Not Applicable		performed using E				
36. Avg. daily temperature range of bulk liquid (°F):	36A. Minimum (°F):		36B. Max	imum (°F):		
37. Avg. operating pressure range of tank	37A. Minimum (psig)		27D Mov	imum (psig):		
(psig):	Jirt. Millimain (psig)	•	J/D. Wax	illium (psig).		
38A. Minimum liquid surface temperature (°F)		38B. Corresponding	vapor pressure	e (psia):		
39A. Avg. liquid surface temperature (°F):		39B. Corresponding vapor pressure (psia):				
40A. Maximum liquid surface temperature (°F)	r.	40B. Corresponding	vapor pressure	e (psia):		
41. Provide the following for each liquid or gas	to be stored in the tank.	Add additional pages i	f necessary.			
41A. Material name and composition:						
41B. CAS number:						
41C. Liquid density (lb/gal):						
41D. Liquid molecular weight (lb/lb-mole):						
41E. Vapor molecular weight (lb/lb-mole):						
41F. Maximum true vapor pressure (psia): 41G. Maximum Reid vapor pressure (psia):						
41G. Maximum Reid vapor pressure (psia): 41H. Months Storage per year.						
From: To:						
42. Final maximum gauge pressure and						
temperature prior to transfer into tank used as						
inputs into flashing emission calculations.						

### STORAGE TANK DATA TABLE

### List all deminimis storage tanks (i.e. lube oil, glycol, diesel etc.)

Source ID #1	Status <sup>2</sup>	Content <sup>3</sup>	Volume <sup>4</sup>
T03	Existing	Engine Oil	500 gallons
T04	Existing	Compressor Oil	300 gallons
T05	Existing	Triethylene Glycol	300 gallons

- Enter the appropriate Source Identification Numbers (Source ID #) for each storage tank located at the compressor station. Tanks should be designated T01, T02, T03, etc. 1.
- 2. Enter storage tank Status using the following:

EXIST Existing Equipment
NEW Installation of New Equipment

REM Equipment Removed

- Enter storage tank content such as condensate, pipeline liquids, glycol (DEG or TEG), lube oil, diesel, mercaptan etc. Enter the maximum design storage tank volume in gallons. 3.

Natural Gas Fired Fuel Burning Unit Data Sheet(s)

# ATTACHMENT L – SMALL HEATERS AND REBOILERS NOT SUBJECT TO 40CFR60 SUBPART DC DATA SHEET

Complete this data sheet for each small heater and reboiler not subject to 40CFR60 Subpart Dc at the facility. The Maximum Design Heat Input (MDHI) must be less than 10 MMBTU/hr.

Emission Unit ID# <sup>1</sup>	Emission Point ID# <sup>2</sup>	Emission Unit Description (manufacturer, model #)	Year Installed/ Modified	Type <sup>3</sup> and Date of Change	Maximum Design Heat Input (MMBTU/hr)4	Fuel Heating Value (BTU/scf) <sup>5</sup>
RBV-1A	RBV-1A	Reboiler	2014	Existing	0.2	1,021
Exempt	Exempt	Catalytic Heaters	2011	Existing	0.007 (total)	1,021

- Enter the appropriate Emission Unit (or Source) identification number for each fuel burning unit located at the production pad. Gas Producing Unit Burners should be designated GPU-1, GPU-2, etc. Heater Treaters should be designated HT-1, HT-2, etc. Heaters or Line Heaters should be designated LH-1, LH-2, etc. For sources, use 1S, 2S, 3S...or other appropriate designation. Enter glycol dehydration unit Reboiler Vent data on the Glycol Dehydration Unit Data Sheet.
- Enter the appropriate Emission Point identification numbers for each fuel burning unit located at the production pad. Gas Producing Unit Burners should be designated GPU-1, GPU-2, etc. Heater Treaters should be designated HT-1, HT-2, etc. Heaters or Line Heaters should be designated LH-1, LH-2, etc. For emission points, use 1E, 2E, 3E...or other appropriate designation.
- New, modification, removal
- Enter design heat input capacity in MMBtu/hr.
- Enter the fuel heating value in BTU/standard cubic foot.

Internal Combustion Engine Data Sheet(s)

### ATTACHMENT M - INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE DATA SHEET

Complete this data sheet for each internal combustion engine at the facility. Include manufacturer performance data sheet(s) or any other supporting document if applicable. Use extra pages if necessary. Generator(s) and microturbine generator(s) shall also use this form.

cxii a pages	II liecessary.	Generalor(s) and	i microturotne ge	enerator(s) shatt ats	io use inis jorm		
Emission Unit	ID#¹	CE	E-2A	G	E-1		
Engine Manufa	acturer/Model Caterpillar G3408TALE				al Motors .7L		
Manufacturers	Rated bhp/rpm	4	25		93		
Source Status <sup>2</sup>		Exi	sting	Exi	sting		
Date Installed/ Modified/Remo	ved/Relocated3	Install	ed 2014	Install	ed 2011		
Engine Manufa /Reconstruction		Manufacture	d 11/17/2007	Manufactur	ed 3/29/2011		
Check all applicable Federal Rules for the engine (include EPA Certificate of Conformity if applicable) <sup>5</sup> □ JJJJ Certified? □ 40CFR60 Subpart IIII □ IIII Certified? □ 40CFR63 Subpart ZZZZ □ NESHAP ZZZZ / NSPS JJJJ Window			<ul> <li>⋈ 40CFR60 Subpart</li> <li>⋈ JJJJ Certified?</li> <li>□ 40CFR60 Subpart</li> <li>□ IIII Certified?</li> <li>⋈ 40CFR63 Subpart</li> <li>□ NESHAP ZZZZ / N</li> <li>□ NESHAP ZZZZ Rei</li> </ul>	IIII ZZZZ SPS JJJJ Window			
Engine Type <sup>6</sup>		45	SLB	45	SRB		
APCD Type <sup>7</sup>		L	EC	LEC			
Fuel Type <sup>8</sup>		Р	<sup>2</sup> Q	PQ			
H <sub>2</sub> S (gr/100 scf	)	Ne	Neg.		Neg.		
Operating bhp/r	·pm	425		93			
BSFC (BTU/bh	p-hr)	8,588		8,773			
Hourly Fuel Th	roughput	3,574	ft³/hr	799 ft³/hr			
Annual Fuel Th (Must use 8,760 emergency gene	hrs/yr unless	31.3 MMft³/yr		0.4 MMft³/yr			
Fuel Usage or F Operation Mete		Yes ⊠	No □	Yes ⊠	No □		
Calculation Methodology <sup>9</sup>	Pollutant <sup>10</sup>	Hourly PTE (lb/hr) <sup>11</sup>	Annual PTE (tpy) 11	Hourly PTE (lb/hr) 11	Annual PTE (tpy) 11		
See Emissions Calculations	NO <sub>x</sub>	1.87	8.21	2.05	0.51		
See Emissions Calculations	со	1.52	6.65	2.05	0.51		
See Emissions Calculations	voc	0.58	2.54	2.07	0.52		
See Emissions Calculations	SO <sub>2</sub>	2.15E-03	0.01	4.80E-04	1.20E-04		
See Emissions Calculations	PM <sub>10</sub>	0.04	0.16	0.02	3.96E-03		
See Emissions Calculations	Formaldehyde	0.26	1.15	0.02	4.18E-03		
See Emissions Calculations	Total HAPs	0.33	1.46	0.03	0.01		
See Emissions Calculations	GHG (CO₂e)	510	2,233	96	24		

- Enter the appropriate Source Identification Number for each natural gas-fueled reciprocating internal combustion compressor/generator engine located at the compressor station. Multiple compressor engines should be designated CE-1, CE-2, CE-3 etc. Generator engines should be designated GE-1, GE-2, GE-3 etc. Microturbine generator engines should be designated MT-1, MT-2, MT-3 etc. If more than three (3) engines exist, please use additional sheets.
- Enter the Source Status using the following codes:

NS Construction of New Source (installation) ES **Existing Source** MS Modification of Existing Source RS Relocated Source

REM Removal of Source

- Enter the date (or anticipated date) of the engine's installation (construction of source), modification, relocation or removal.
- Enter the date that the engine was manufactured, modified or reconstructed.
- Is the engine a certified stationary spark ignition internal combustion engine according to 40CFR60 Subpart IIII/JJJJ? If so, the engine and control device must be operated and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions. You must keep records of conducted maintenance to demonstrate compliance, but no performance testing is required. If the certified engine is not operated and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions, the engine will be considered a non-certified engine and you must demonstrate compliance as appropriate.

#### Provide a manufacturer's data sheet for all engines being registered.

Enter the Engine Type designation(s) using the following codes:

2SLB Two Stroke Lean Burn 4SRB Four Stroke Rich Burn

4SLB Four Stroke Lean Burn

Enter the Air Pollution Control Device (APCD) type designation(s) using the following codes:

A/F Air/Fuel Ratio Ignition Retard

HEIS High Energy Ignition System SIPC Screw-in Precombustion Chambers Prestratified Charge PSC LEC Low Emission Combustion

NSCR Rich Burn & Non-Selective Catalytic Reduction OxCat Oxidation Catalyst

SCR Lean Burn & Selective Catalytic Reduction

Enter the Fuel Type using the following codes:

Pipeline Quality Natural Gas RG Raw Natural Gas /Production Gas D Diesel

Enter the Potential Emissions Data Reference designation using the following codes. Attach all reference data used.

MDManufacturer's Data ΑP AP-42

GRI-HAPCalcTM GR OT Other (please list)

- Enter each engine's Potential to Emit (PTE) for the listed regulated pollutants in pounds per hour and tons per year. PTE shall be calculated at manufacturer's rated brake horsepower and may reflect reduction efficiencies of listed Air Pollution Control Devices. Emergency generator engines may use 500 hours of operation when calculating PTE. PTE data from this data sheet shall be incorporated in the Emissions Summary Sheet.
- 11 PTE for engines shall be calculated from manufacturer's data unless unavailable.

### **Engine Air Pollution Control Device** (Emission Unit ID# Not Applicable, use extra pages as necessary) Air Pollution Control Device Manufacturer's Data Sheet included? Yes 🗆 □ NSCR □ SCR ☐ Oxidation Catalyst Provide details of process control used for proper mixing/control of reducing agent with gas stream: Manufacturer: Model #: Design Operating Temperature: Design gas volume: Service life of catalyst: Provide manufacturer data? Yes □ No Volume of gas handled: acfm at °F Operating temperature range for NSCR/Ox Cat: From °F to Reducing agent used, if any: Ammonia slip (ppm): N/A Pressure drop against catalyst bed (delta P): inches of H<sub>2</sub>O Provide description of warning/alarm system that protects unit when operation is not meeting design conditions: Is temperature and pressure drop of catalyst required to be monitored per 40CFR63 Subpart ZZZZ? ☐ Yes ☐ No How often is catalyst recommended or required to be replaced (hours of operation)? How often is performance test required? | Initial | Annual | Every 8,760 hours of operation | Field Testing Required | No performance test required. If so, why (please list any maintenance required and the applicable sections in NSPS/GACT,

**Tanker Truck Loading Data Sheet(s)** 

### ATTACHMENT N - TANKER TRUCK LOADING DATA SHEET

Complete this data sheet for each new or modified bulk liquid transfer area or loading rack at the facility. This is to be used for bulk liquid transfer operations to tanker trucks. Use extra pages if necessary.

### Truck Loadout Collection Efficiencies

The following applicable capture efficiencies of a truck loadout are allowed:

- For tanker trucks passing the MACT level annual leak test 99.2%
- For tanker trucks passing the NSPS level annual leak test 98.7%
- For tanker trucks not passing one of the annual leak tests listed above 70%

Compliance with this requirement shall be demonstrated by keeping records of the applicable MACT or NSPS Annual Leak Test certification for *every* truck and railcar loaded/unloaded. This requirement can be satisfied if the trucking company provided certification that its entire fleet was compliant. This certification must be submitted in writing to the Director of the DAQ. These additional requirements must be noted in the Registration Application and will be noted on the issued G35-D Registration.

Emission Unit ID#: L01	Emis	sion Point ID#: L01	Year Installed	Year Installed/Modified: 2011		
Emission Unit Descriptio	n: Liquid loading of	waste fluids				
		Loading Area Data				
Number of Pumps: 3	Num	ber of Liquids Loaded: 1	Max number o (1) time: 1	f trucks loading at one		
Are tanker trucks pressur If Yes, Please describe:	e tested for leaks at th	is or any other location?	□ Yes ⊠ No ⊠	Not Required		
Provide description of clo	sed vent system and a	iny bypasses. N/A				
Are any of the following  ☐ Closed System to tank ☐ Closed System to tank ☐ Closed System to tank	er truck passing a MA er truck passing a NS er truck not passing a	ACT level annual leak test PS level annual leak test? n annual leak test and has	s vapor return?			
Time	Jan – Mar		or transfer point as a wl	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Hours/day		Apr - Jun	Jul – Sept	Oct - Dec		
Days/week	5	5	2	2		
Days/ week			5	5		
Liquid Name		d Data (use extra pages	as necessary)	TO THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER		
Max. Daily Throughput (1000 gal/day)	Waste F					
Max. Annual Throughput (1000 gal/yr)	211.6	58				
Loading Method <sup>1</sup>	SP					
Max. Fill Rate (gal/min)	ТВГ	)				
Average Fill Time (min/loading)						
Max. Bulk Liquid Temperature (°F)	52.14	4				
True Vapor Pressure <sup>2</sup> 0.3240		.0				
Cargo Vessel Condition3	U					
Control Equipment or Method <sup>4</sup>	None	•		Wegglavillation		

Max. Collect (%)	tion Efficiency	0	
Max. Contro (%)	l Efficiency	0	
Max.VOC Emission	Loading (lb/hr)		
Rate	Annual (ton/yr)	See attached emissions calculations	
Max.HAP Emission Rate Loading (lb/hr) Annual (ton/yr)			
Estimation Method <sup>5</sup>		EPA	

1 2	BF At maxis	Bottom Fill num bulk liquid temperature	SP	Splash F	ill		SUB	Submerged Fill
3	B O	Ballasted Vessel Other (describe)	C	Cleaned			U	Uncleaned (dedicated service)
4	List as a CA ECD TO	many as apply (complete and Carbon Adsorption Enclosed Combustion Devic Thermal Oxidization or Inc	ce	propriate VB F				Sheets) closed system)
5	EPA TM	EPA Emission Factor in AP Test Measurement based up	-42	ta submit	tal	MB O	Material Other (de	Balance scribe)

AT	TAC	:HM	MEN	IT	0
AI	IAC	-LIV	/CN	П	U

Glycol Dehydration Unit Data Sheet(s)

# ATTACHMENT O – GLYCOL DEHYDRATION UNIT DATA SHEET

Complete this data sheet for each Glycol Dehydration Unit, Reboiler, Flash Tank and/or Regenerator at the facility. Include gas sample analysis and GRI-GLYCalc™ input and aggregate report. Use extra pages if necessary.

Manufacturer: RSV-1	Model: 7 MMSCFD					
Max. Dry Gas Flow Rate: 7 mmscf/day	Reboiler Design Heat Input: 0.2 MMBTU/hr					
Design Type: $\boxtimes$ TEG $\square$ DEG $\square$ EG	Source Status <sup>1</sup> : Existing					
Date Installed/Modified/Removed <sup>2</sup> : 2011	Regenerator Still Vent APCD/ERD3: N/A					
Control Device/ERD ID#3: N/A (see notes below)	Fuel HV (BTU/scf): 1,021					
H <sub>2</sub> S Content (gr/100 scf): neg.	Operation (hours/year): 8,760					
Pump Rate (scfm): 1.5 gpm glycol	di.					
Water Content (wt %) in: Wet Gas: Saturated D	ry Gas: 7.0 lbs/MMscf					
Is the glycol dehydration unit exempt from 40CFR63 Section 764(d)?  Yes No: If Yes, answer the following:  The actual annual average flowrate of natural gas to the glycol dehydration unit is less than 85 thousand standard cubic meters per day, as determined by the procedures specified in §63.772(b)(1) of this subpart.  Yes No  The actual average emissions of benzene from the glycol dehydration unit process vent to the atmosphere are less than 0.90 megagram per year (1 ton per year), as determined by the procedures specified in §63.772(b)(2) of this subpart.						
Is the glycol dehydration unit located within an Urbanized Area (UA) or Urban Cluster (UC)?  ☐ Yes ☑ No						
Is a lean glycol pump optimization plan being utilized?  ☐ Yes  ☐ No						
Recycling the glycol dehydration unit back to the flame zone $\Box$ Yes $\  \   \boxtimes$ No	of the reboiler.					
If yes: Is the reboiler configured to accept flash drum vapors (straight Is the reboiler configured to accept still vent vapors (after a configured to accept both in the same operation).	ondenser)? 🗆 Yes 🗆 No					
Recycling the glycol dehydration unit back to the flame zone of the reboiler and mixed with fuel. □ Yes ⊠ No						
What happens when temperature controller shuts off fuel to the reboiler?  ☐ Still vent emissions to the atmosphere. ☐ Still vent emissions stopped with valve. ☐ Still vent emissions to glow plug.						
Please indicate if the following equipment is present.  Flash Tank (present but not utilized)  Burner management system that continuously burns condenser or flash tank vapors						
Control Device	Control Device Technical Data					
Pollutants Controlled	Manufacturer's Guaranteed Control Efficiency (%)					
n/a						

		Emissio	ons Data		
Emission Unit ID / Emission Point ID <sup>4</sup>	Description	Calculation Methodology <sup>5</sup>	PTE <sup>6</sup>	Controlled Maximum Hourly Emissions (lb/hr)	Controlled Maximum Annual Emissions (tpy
		AP	NO <sub>x</sub>	0.02	0.09
		AP	СО	0.02	0.07
RBV-1A F	Reboiler Vent	AP	VOC	1.1E-03	4.7E-03
KDV IA	Reporter vent	AP	SO <sub>2</sub>	1.2E-04	5.1E-04
		AP	PM <sub>10</sub>	3.7E-04	1.6E-03
		40 CFR 98	GHG (CO <sub>2</sub> e)	23.42	102.60
		GRI-GlyCalc™	VOC	0.13	0.55
		GRI-GlyCalc™	Benzene	<0.01	< 0.01
RSV-1	Glycol Regenerator	GRI-GlyCalc™	Toluene	< 0.01	< 0.01
1.57 1	Still Vent	GRI-GlyCalc <sup>TM</sup>	Ethylbenzene	< 0.01	< 0.01
		GRI-GlyCalc <sup>TM</sup>	Xylenes	< 0.01	< 0.01
		GRI-GlyCalc <sup>™</sup>	n-Hexane	0.03	0.13
		GRI-GlyCalc <sup>™</sup>	VOC		
		GRI-GlyCalc <sup>™</sup>	Benzene		
n/a	Glycol Flash	GRI-GlyCalc <sup>™</sup>	Toluene		
II/ G	Tank	GRI-GlyCalc <sup>™</sup>	Ethylbenzene		
		GRI-GlyCalc™	Xylenes		
		GRI-GlyCalc <sup>™</sup>	n-Hexane		

1	Enter the Source	Status using the	following codes:
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NA

None

NS	Construction of New Source	ES	Existing Source
MS	Modification of Existing Source		

Modification of Existing Source 2 Enter the date (or anticipated date) of the glycol dehydration unit's installation (construction of source), modification or removal.

CD

Condenser

Flore

	CC	Condenser/Combustion Combination			O	Other	(please list)
4	Enter th	ne appropriate Emission Unit ID Number	rs and l	Emission Point ID Numbers	for the glyco	l dehydratio	n unit reboiler vent
	and gly	col regenerator still vent. The glycol del	hydrati	on unit reboiler vent and gly	col regenera	tor still vent	should be
	designa	ited RBV-1 and RSV-1, respectively. If t	he con	pressor station incorporates	multiple gly	col dehydra	tion units, a Glycol
	Dehydr	ation Emission Unit Data Sheet shall be	comple	eted for each, using Source I	dentification	RBV-2 and	RSV-2, RBV-3
	and RS	V-3, etc.		_			,

5 Enter the Potential Emissions Data Reference designation using the following codes:

Manufacturer's Data ΑP AP-42 GR GRI-GLYCalc<sup>TM</sup> OT Other (please list)

6 Enter the Reboiler Vent and Glycol Regenerator Still Vent Potential to Emit (PTE) for the listed regulated pollutants in lbs per hour and tons per year. The Glycol Regenerator Still Vent potential emissions may be determined using the most recent version of the thermodynamic software model GRI-GLYCalc<sup>TM</sup> (Radian International LLC & Gas Research Institute). Attach all referenced Potential Emissions Data (or calculations) and the GRI-GLYCalc™ Aggregate Calculations Report (shall include emissions reports, equipment reports, and stream reports) to this Glycol Dehydration Emission Unit Data Sheet(s). Backup pumps do not have to be considered as operating for purposes of PTE. This PTE data shall be incorporated in the Emissions Summary Sheet.

<sup>3</sup> Enter the Air Pollution Control Device (APCD)/Emission Reduction Device (ERD) type designation using the following codes and the device ID number:

AT	TAC	CHA	<b>NEN</b>	<b>1</b> T	P

Pneumatic Controller Data Sheet(s)

ATTACHMENT P – PNEUMATIC CONTROLLERS DATA SHEET
Are there any continuous bleed natural gas driven pneumatic controllers at this facility that commenced construction, modification or reconstruction after August 23, 2011, and on or before September 18, 2015?
☐ Yes ⊠ No
Please list approximate number.
Are there any continuous bleed natural gas driven pneumatic controllers at this facility that commenced construction, modification or reconstruction after September 18, 2015?
☐ Yes      No
Please list approximate number.
Are there any continuous bleed natural gas driven pneumatic controllers at this facility with a bleed rate greater than 6 standard cubic feet per hour that are required based on functional needs, including but not limited to response time, safety and positive actuation that commenced construction, modification or reconstruction after August 23, 2011, and on or before September 18, 2015?
☐ Yes         No
Please list approximate number.
Are there any continuous bleed natural gas driven pneumatic controllers at this facility with a bleed rate greater than 6 standard cubic feet per hour that are required based on functional needs, including but not limited to response time, safety and positive actuation that commenced construction, modification or reconstruction after September 18, 2015?
☐ Yes         No
Please list approximate number.

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Centrifugal Compressor Data Sheet(s)

### ATTACHMENT Q - CENTRIFUGAL COMPRESSOR **DATA SHEET** Are there any centrifugal compressors at this facility that commenced construction, modification or reconstruction after August 23, 2011, and on or before September 18, 2015? ☐ Yes X No Please list: Emission Compressor Description Unit ID# Are there any centrifugal compressors at this facility that commenced construction, modification or reconstruction after September 18, 2015? No No Yes Please list: Emission Compressor Description Unit ID#

4	 		A 800	 -
AT		_ ^		 

**Reciprocating Compressor Data Sheet(s)** 

### ATTACHMENT R - RECIPROCATING COMPRESSOR **DATA SHEET** Are there any reciprocating compressors at this facility that commenced construction, modification or reconstruction after August 23, 2011, and on or before September 18, 2015? No No Yes Please list: Compressor Description Emission Unit ID# Are there any reciprocating compressors at this facility that commenced construction, modification or reconstruction after September 18, 2015? Yes No No Please list: Emission Compressor Description Unit ID#

**Blowdown and Pigging Operation Data Sheet(s)** 

# ATTACHMENT S – BLOWDOWN AND PIGGING OPERATIONS DATA SHEET

Will there be any blow	down and piggin	ig operations that	t occur at this facility?
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### Please list:

Type of Event	# of Events (event/yr)	Amount Vented per event (scf/event)	MW of vented gas (lb/lb-mol)	Total Emissions (ton/yr)	VOC weight fraction	VOC emissions (ton/yr)
Compressor Blowdown						
Compressor Startup						
Plant Shutdown					ions calculations in the contraction of the contrac	
Low Pressure Pig Venting	Miscen		downs and pi			lacility
v viiting						

Type of Event	# of Events (event/yr)	Amount Vented per event (scf/event)	MW of vented gas (lb/lb-mol)	Total Emissions (ton/yr)	HAP weight fraction	HAP emissions (ton/yr)
Compressor Blowdown						
Compressor Startup						
Plant Shutdown					ions calculati	
		aneous Gas V		ulations, whi	ich include al	

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A		А	<b>L</b> .	П.	M	FI	N I	- 1

Air Pollution Control Device Data Sheet(s)

### ATTACHMENT T – AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DEVICE / EMISSION REDUCTION DEVICE SHEETS – NOT APPLICABLE

Complete the applicable air pollution control device sheets for each flare, vapor combustor, thermal oxidizer, condenser, adsorption system, vapor recovery unit, BTEX Eliminator, Reboiler with and without Glow Plug, etc. at the facility. Use extra pages if necessary.

Emissions calculations must be performed using the most conservative control device efficiency.

The following five (5) rows are only to be completed if registering an alternative air pollution control device.							
Emission Unit ID: N/A	Make/Model:						
Primary Control Device ID:	Make/Model:						
Control Efficiency (%):	APCD/ERD Data Sheet Completed: ☐ Yes ☐ No						
Secondary Control Device ID:	Make/Model:						
Control Efficiency (%):	APCD/ERD Data Sheet Completed: ☐ Yes ☐ No						

	VAPOR CO			rs)				
		nformation	ii b ub t o	10)				
Control Device ID#: N/A		Installatio		Modified	☐ Relocated			
Maximum Rated Total Flow Capac scfh scfd	rity	Maximum Heat Inpu mfg. spec	t (from sheet)	Design Heat Content BTU/scf				
	Control Device	e Informati	ion					
☐ Enclosed Combustion Device ☐ Thermal Oxidizer	Type of Vapor Co ☐ Elevat		ontrol?		☐ Ground Flare			
Manufacturer: Model:		Hours of o	peration	per year?				
List the emission units whose emis	sions are controlled by this	vapor conti	rol device	(Emissio	n Point ID# )			
Emission Unit ID# Emission Source Desc.	ription	Emission Unit ID#	Emissio	n Source	Description			
If this vapor combustor contro	ols emissions from more the	an six (6) en	nission un	its, pleas	e attach additional pages.			
Assist Type (Flares only)	Flare Height	Tip	Was the design per §60.18?					
Steam Air Pressure Non	feet		feet		☐ Yes ☐ No Provide determination.			
	Waste Gas I	Information	1					
Maximum Waste Gas Flow Rate (scfm)	Heat Value of W	aste Gas Str BTU/ft³	eam	Exit Ve	locity of the Emissions Stream (ft/s)			
Provide an atta	chment with the characteri.	stics of the v	vaste gas	stream to	be burned.			
	Pilot Gas I	nformation						
Number of Pilot Lights I	Fuel Flow Rate to Pilot Flame per Pilot scfh	Heat I	nput per I BTU/I		Will automatic re-ignition be used? ☐ Yes ☐ No			
If automatic re-ignition is used, ple	ease describe the method.							
Is pilot flame equipped with a mon presence of the flame?	itor to detect the	If Yes, who		☐ Thermo ☐ Camera	2			
Describe all operating ranges and runavailable, please indicate).	naintenance procedures req	uired by the	manufact	urer to m	aintain the warranty. (If			
Additional information attached? I Please attach copies of manufacture performance testing.		flame demor	nstration p	per §60.18	3 or §63.11(b) and			

CON	DENSER								
General Information									
Control Device ID#: N/A	Installation Date:	Modified							
Manufacturer:	Model:	Control Device Name:							
Control Efficiency (%):									
Manufacturer's required temperature range for control effic	eiency. °F								
Describe the warning and/or alarm system that protects aga	inst operation when ur	nit is not meeting the design requirements:							
Describe all operating ranges and maintenance procedures in	required by the manufa	acturer to maintain the warranty							
Additional information attached?   Yes   No  Please attach copies of manufacturer's data sheets.									
Is condenser routed to a secondary APCD or ERD?  ☐ Yes ☐ No									

ADSORPTION SYSTEM								
General 1	Information							
Control Device ID#: N/A	Installation Date:  ☐ New ☐ Modified ☐ Relocated							
Manufacturer:	Model: Control Device Name:							
Design Inlet Volume: scfm	Adsorbent charge per adsorber vessel and number of adsorber vessels:							
Length of Mass Transfer Zone supplied by the manufacturer:	Adsorber diameter: ft Adsorber area: ft <sup>2</sup>							
Adsorbent type and physical properties:	Overall Control Efficiency (%):							
Working Capacity of Adsorbent (%):	-11							
Operating	Parameters							
Inlet volume: scfm @ °F								
Adsorption time per adsorption bed (life expectancy):	Breakthrough Capacity (lbs of VOC/100 lbs of adsorbent):							
Temperature range of carbon bed adsorber  °F - °F								
Control Device	e Technical Data							
Pollutants Controlled	Manufacturer's Guaranteed Control Efficiency (%)							
-	_							
Describe the warning and/or alarm system that protects again	st operation when unit is not meeting the design requirements:							
Has the control device been tested by the manufacturer and c	ertified?							
Describe all operating ranges and maintenance procedures re-	quired by the manufacturer to maintain the warranty.							
Additional information attached? ☐ Yes ☐ No Please attach copies of manufacturer's data sheets, drawings,	and performance testing.							

	VAPOR RECOVERY UNIT										
	General :	Information		weeks.							
Emission	Emission Unit ID#: N/A  Installation Date:  New Modified Relocated										
	Device I	nformation									
Manufactu Model:	irer:										
List the en	nission units whose emissions are controlled by th	is vapor reco	very unit (Emission P	Point ID# )							
Emission Unit ID#	Emission Source Description										
If this	vapor recovery unit controls emissions from more	than six (6) e	emission units, please	attach additional pages.							
Please atta	information attached? ☐ Yes ☐ No ch copies of manufacturer's data sheets, drawings		Ü								
The registi recovery u	ant may claim a capture and control efficiency of nit.	95 % (which	accounts for 5% dow	ntime) for the vapor							
	ant may claim a capture and control efficiency of 8.1.2 of this general permit.	98% if the V	RU has a backup flar	e that meet the requirements							
The regists	rant may claim a capture and control efficiency of	98% if the V	RU has a backup VRI	U.							

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**Emission Calculations** 

Superior Appalachian Pineline, LLC Preston Compressor Station G35-D Application

Company Name: Facility Name: Project Description:

### ${\bf Facility\text{-}Wide\ Emission\ Summary\ \textbf{-}Controlled}$

Storage Tanks:
Line Heaters:
Catalytic Heaters:
Dehy Rebollens:
Glycol Dehydrators:
Dehy Orip Tanks:
Dehy Combustors:
Compressors:
High Pressure Separators:
Length of lease road: per site per site

Carbon equivalent emissions (CO $_2$ e) are based on the following Global Warming Potentials (GWP) from 40 CFR Part 98, Table A-1: CH, 25 N $_2$ O 298

Emission	Emission	Emission	1	VO <sub>x</sub>		0	V	OC	S	02	P	H <sub>10</sub>	PI	VI <sub>2.5</sub>	C	H.	CI	O <sub>2</sub> e
Point ID #	Source ID#s	Source Description	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/br	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpv
CE-2A	CE-2A	Compressor Engine	1.87	8,21	1,52	6,65	0,58	2,54	2.1E-03	0.01	0.04	0.16	0.04	0.16	2.73	11.96	509.79	2.232.88
GE-1	GE-1	Emergency Generator Engine	2.05	0.51	4.83	1.21	2.07	0.52	4.8E-04	1.2E-04	0.02	4.0E-03	0.02	4.0E-03	0.00	0.00	95.55	23,89
RSV-1	RSV-1	Dehydration Unit Still Vent			_	_	0.13	0.55			_				28.85	126.36	721.26	3,159.11
RBV-1A	RBV-1A	Dehydration Unit Reboiler	0.02	0.09	0.02	0.07	1.1E-03	4.7E-03	1.2E-04	5.1E-04	1.5E-03	0.01	1.5E-03	0.01	4.4E-04	1.9E-03	23.42	102.60
T01	T01	Waste Fluids Tank				rive )	0.05	0.23		***		_		**-	1.4E-03	0.01	0.03	0.15
T02	T02	Waste Fluids Tank		700	200	200	0.05	0.23	-			***			1,4E-03	0.01	0.03	0,15
T03 - T05	T03 - T05	De minimis storage tanks				***	9.1E-05	4.0E-04		-		_						***
L01	LO1	Liquid Loading			-	_	0.09	0.02			_				_	_		_
-		Catalytic Heaters	6.9E-04	3.0E-03	5.8E-04	2.5E-03	3.8E-05	1.7E-04	4.1E-06	1.8E-05	5.2E-05	2.3E-04	5.ZE-05	2.3E-04	1.5E-05	6.8E-05	3.9E+04	1.7E-03
-		Fugitives		_	_	-	***	0.66				_			_	22.00	-	549,89
	· ·	Haul Roads	-	***								0.01		1.0E-03			***	
Facility Total	<u> </u>		3.94	8.81	6.37	7.93	2,97	4.76	2.7E-03	0.01	0.05	0.18	0.05	0.17	31.59	160.33	1,350,10	6,068,67
Facili Total l'excludin	fu itive emissions		3.94	8.81	6.37	7,93	2.97	4.10	2.7E-03	0.01	0.05	0.17	0.05	0.17	31.59	138.34	1.350.10	5,518.78

													-					-,000000
Emission	Emission	Emission	Forma	ldehyde	Ben	zene	Tol	iene	Ethylb	enzene	Xyle	enes	n-He	xane	Total	BTEX	Tota	HAP
Point ID #	Source ID#s	Source Description	lb/hr	tity	lb/hr	tpy												
CE-2A	CE-2A	Compressor Engine	0.26	1,15	1.6E-03	7.0E-03	1.52-03	6.5E-03	1.4E-04	6.3E-04	6.7E-04	2,9E-03	4.1E-03	0.02	3.9E-03	0.02	0.33	1,46
GE-1	GE-1	Emergency Generator Engine	0.02	4.2E-03	2.0E-05	5.1E-06	1,1E-05	4,6E-05	1.6E-04	4.0E-05	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	1.96-04	9.1E-05	0.03	0.01
RSV-1	RSV-1	Dehydration Unit Still Vent	_	_	<0.01	< 0.01	10.0>	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.03	0.13	<0.01	< 0.01	0.03	0.13
RBV-1A	RBV-1A	Dehydration Unit Reboiler	1.5E-05	6.4E-05	4.1E-07	1.8E-06	6.7E-07	2.9E-06			-	_	3.5E-04	1.5E-03	1.1E-06	4.7E-06	3.7E-04	1.6E-03
T01	T01	Waste Fluids Tank			4.6E-04	2.0E-03	2.3E-04	1.0E-03	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	3.0E-03	0.01	6.8E-04	3.0E-03	4.6E-03	0.02
T02	T02	Waste Fluids Tank	_		4.6E-04	2.0E-03	2.3E-04	1.0E-03	< 0.01	<0.01	<0,01	< 0.01	3.0E-03	0.01	6.8E-04	3.0E-03	4.68-03	0,02
T03 - T05	T03 - T05	De minimis storage tanks		_	-				_					***			9.1E-05	4.0E-04
L01	L01	Liquid Loading				-				_		***	*			-	0.01	2.3E-03
-	_	Catalytic Heaters	5.1E-07	2.3E-06	1.4E-08	6.3E-08	2.3E-08	1.0E+07	***				1.2E-05	5.4E-05	3.8E-08	1.7E-07	1.3E-05	5.7E-05
	_	Fugitives			_	_	-				948				_			
		Haul Roads		***		_									244			
Facility Total			0.28	1.15	2.5E-03	0.01	2.0E-03	0.01	3.0E-04	6.7E-04	6.7E-04	2.9E-03	0.04	0.18	0.01	0.02	0.41	1,64
Facility Total (excluding	fullitive emissions		0.28	1.15	2.5E-03	0.01	2.0E-03	0.01	3.0E-04	6.7E-04	6.7E-04	2.9E-03	0.04	0.18	0.01	0.02	0.41	1.64

Company Name: Facility Name: Project Description:

Superior Appalachian Pipeline, LLC Preston Compressor Station G35-D Application

### Compressor Engine

### Engine Information:

Source Designation:	CE-2A
Manufacturer:	Caterpillar
Model No.:	G3408TALE
Stroke Cycle:	4-stroke
Type of Burn:	Lean
Rated Horsepower (bhp):	425

### Engine Fuel information:

Fuel Type:	Natural Gas
Higher Heating Value (HHV) (Btu/scf):	1,021
Specific Fuel Consumption (Btu/bhp-hr);	8,598
Maximum Fuel Consumption at 100% Load (scf/hr):	3,574
Heat Input (MMBtu/hr):	3.65
Potential Fuel Consumption (MMBtu/yr):	31,973
Max. Fuel Consumption at 100% (MMscf/hr):	0.0036
Max. Fuel Consumption (MMscf/yr):	31.3
Max. Annual Hours of Operation (hr/yr):	9,760
Max. Annual Hours of Operation (hr/yr):	9,760

### Engine Emissions Data:

Pollutant		11-1-1	Maximum Poter	ntial Emissions	Estimation Basis / Emission	
Pollutant	Emission Factor	Units	lbs/hr	tpy	Factor Source	
NO <sub>X</sub>	1.87	lb/hr	1,87	8.21	Manufacturer/Vendor	
VOC (excludes HCHO)	0.32	lb/hr	0.32	1,40	Manufacturer/Vendor	
VOC (includes HCHO)			0,58	2.54	VOC + HCHO	
co	1.52	lb/hr	1.52	6,65	Manufacturer/Vendor	
so <sub>x</sub>	0.001	lb/MMBtu	2.15E-03	0.01	AP-42, Table 3.2-2 (Jul-2000)	
PM <sub>10</sub>	0,01	lb/MMBtu	0,04	0,16	AP-42, Table 3.2-2 (Jul-2000)	
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.01	lb/MMBtu	0.04	0,16	AP-42, Table 3.2-2 (Jul-2000)	
Formaldehyde (HCHO)	0,26	lb/hr	0.26 1.15		Manufacturer/Vendor	
GHG (CO <sub>2</sub> e)	See Tabl	e Below	510 2.233		40 CFR 98, Tables C-1 & C-2	
Other (Total HAP)	See Tabl	e Below	0.33 1.46		AP-42, Table 3.2-2 (Jul-2000)	

- Notes:

  1.  $PM_{PB}$  and  $PM_{2,5}$  are total values (filterable + condensable).

  2. GHO ( $GO_{PC}$ ) is carbon dioxide equivalent, which is the summation of  $GO_{PC}$  (GWP = 1) +  $GH_{A}$  (GWP = 2S) +  $N_{PO}$  (GWP = 298).

  3. Total HAP is the summation of all hazardous air pollutants for which there is a published emission factor for this source type.

Company Name: Facility Name: Project Description: Superior Appalachian Pineline, LLC Preston Compressor Station G35-D Application

### Compressor Engine

### Greenhouse Gas (GHG) & Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAP) Emissions Calculations:

Pollutant	Emission Factor	Units	Maximum Pote	ential Emissions	Estimation Basis / Emissio	
rondant	Entransion Pactor Onnes		lbs/hr	tpy	Factor Source	
GHGs:						
CO <sub>2</sub>	441,30	lb/hr	441.30	1,932.89	Manufacturer/Vendor	
CH₄	2,73	lb/hr	2.73	11,96	Manufacturer/Vendor	
N <sub>2</sub> O	0.0001	kg/MMBtu	0.00	0.00	40 CFR 98, Table C-2	
GHG (CO₂e)			510	2,233		
Organic HAPs:						
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	4.00E-05	lb/MMBtu	1.5E-04	6.4E-04	AP-42, Table 3.2-2 (Jul-2000)	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	3,18E-05	lb/MMBtu	1.2E-04	5.1E-04	AP-42, Table 3.2-2 (Jul-2000)	
1,3-Butadiene	2.67E-04	lb/MMBtu	9.7E-04	4.3E-03	AP-42, Table 3.2-2 (Jul-2000)	
1,3-Dichloropropene	2.64E-05	lb/MMBtu	9.6E-05	4.2E-04	AP-42, Table 3.2-2 ([ul-2000])	
2-Methylnapthalene	3,32E-05	lb/MMBtu	1.2E-04	5.3E-04	AP-42, Table 3.2-2 ([ul-2000)	
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	2.50E-04	lb/MMBtu	9.1E-04	4.0E-03	AP-42, Table 3.2-2 ( u -2000)	
Acenaphthene	1,25E-06	lb/MMBtu	4.6E-06	2.0E-05	AP-42, Table 3.2-2 ([ul-2000)	
Acenaphthylene	5.53E-06	lb/MMBtu	2,0E-05	8.8E-05	AP-42, Table 3.2-2 (Jul-2000)	
Acetaldehyde	8.36E-03	lb/MMBtu	3,1E-02	1.3E-01	AP-42, Table 3.2-2 (Jul-2000)	
Acrolein	5,14E-03	lb/MMBtu	1.9E-02	8,2E-02	AP-42, Table 3.2-2 (Jul-2000)	
Benzene	4.40E-04	lb/MMBtu	1,6E-03	7.0E-03	AP-42, Table 3.2-2 (Jul-2000)	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.66E-07	lb/MMBtu	6.1E-07	2.7E-06	AP-42, Table 3.2-2 (Jul-2000)	
Benzo(e)pyrene	4.15E-07	lb/MMBtu	1.5E-06	6,6E-06	AP-42, Table 3.2-2 (Jul-2000)	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	4,145-07	lb/MMBtu	1.5E-06	6.6E-06	AP-42, Table 3.2-2 (Jul-2000)	
Biphenyl	2.12E-04	lb/MMBru	7.7E-04	3.4E-03	AP-42, Table 3.2-2 ([ul-2000]	
Carbon Tetrachloride	3.67E-05	lb/MMBtu	1.3E-04	5.9E-04	AP-42, Table 3.2-2 (Jul-2000)	
Chlorobenzene	3,04E-05	lb/MMBtu	1.1E-04	4,9E-04	AP-42, Table 3.2-2 [Jul-2000]	
Chloroform	2,85E-05	lb/MMBtu	1.0E-04	4.6E-04	AP-42, Table 3,2-2 (Jul-2000)	
Chrysene	6.93E-07	lb/MMBtu	2.5E-06	1.18-05	AP-42, Table 3.2-2 (Jul-2000)	
Ethylbenzene	3,97E-05	lb/MMBtu	1.4E-04	6.3E-04	AP-42, Table 3,2-2 ([ul-2000)	
Ethylene Dibromide	4.43E-05	Ib/MMBtu	1.6E-04	7.1E-04	AP-42, Table 3.2-2 (Jul-2000)	
Fluoranthene	1.11E-06	lb/MMBtu	4.1E-06	1.8E-05	AP-42, Table 3.2-2 (Jul-2000)	
Fluorene	5.67E-06	lb/MMBtu	2.1E-05	9.1E-05	AP-42, Table 3.2-2 ([ul-2000]	
Methanol	2.50E-03	lb/MMBtu	9.1E-03	4.0E-02	AP-42, Table 3,2-2 ([ul-2000)	
Methylene Chloride	2.00E-05	lb/MMBtu	7.3E-05	3.2E-04	AP-42, Table 3.2-2 ([ul-2000]	
n-Hexane	1,11E-03	lb/MMBtu	4.1E-03	1.8E-02	AP-42, Table 3,2-2 ([u]-2000)	
Naphthalene	7.44E-05	lb/MMBtu	2.7E-04	1,2E-03	AP-42, Table 3,2-2 (Jul-2000)	
PAH	2.69E-05	lb/MMBtu	9.8E-05	4.3E-04	AP-42, Table 3,2-2 (Jul-2000)	
Phenanthrene	1.04E-05	lb/MMBtu	3.8E-05	1.7E-04	AP-42, Table 3.2-2 (jul-2000)	
Phenol	2.40E-05	lb/MMBtu	8.8E-05	3.8E-04	AP-42, Table 3.2-2 ([ul-2000]	
Pyrene	1.36E-06	lb/MMBtu	5.0E-06	2.2E-05	AP-42, Table 3,2-2 (Jul-2000)	
Styrene	2.36E-05	lb/MMBtu	8.6E-05	3.8E-04	AP-42, Table 3.2-2 (jul-2000)	
Fetrachloroethane	2.48E-06	lb/MM8tu	9.1E-06	4.0E-05	AP-42, Table 3.2-2 (Jul-2000)	
Гонцеле	4.08E-04	lb/MMBtu	1.5E-03	6.5E-03	AP-42, Table 3.2-2 (Jul-2000)	
Vinyl Chloride	1.49E-05	lb/MMBtu	5.4E-05	2.4E-04	AP-42, Table 3.2-2 (Jul-2000)	
Kylene	1.845-04	lb/MMBtu	6,78-04	2.9E-03	AP-42, Table 3.2-2 (Jul-2000)	
Total HAP (Including HCHO)			0.33	1.46		

Company Name: Facility Name: Project Description:

Superior Appalachian Pipeline, LLC Preston Compressor Station G3S-D Application

### **Generator Engine**

#### Engine Information:

GE-1	
General Motors	
5.7L Industrial	
4-stroke	
Rich	
93	
69	

#### Engine Fuel Information:

Fuel Type:	Natural Gas	
Higher Heating Value (HHV) (Btu/scf):	1,021	
Specific Fuel Consumption (Btu/bhp-hr):	8,773	
Maximum Fuel Consumption at 100% Load (scf/hr):	799	
Heat Input (MMBtu/hr):	0.82	
Potential Fuel Consumption (MMBtu/yr):	408	
Max. Fuel Consumption at 100% (MMscf/hr):	0.0008	
Max. Fuel Consumption (MMscf/yr):	0.4	
Max. Annual Hours of Operation (hr/yr):	500	

### Engine Emissions Data:

Pollutant	Emission Factor	Units	Maximum Potential Emissions		Estimation Basis / Emission
	Emission Factor		lbs/hr	tpy	Factor Source
NO <sub>X</sub>	13.4	g/kW-hr	2,05	0.51	EPA Certificate of Conformity
VOC (excludes HCHO)	13.4	g/kW-hr	2.05	0,51	EPA Certificate of Conformity
VOC (includes HCHO)			2,07	0.52	VOC + HCHO
co	31.6	g/kW-hr	4.83	1.21	EPA Cert. of Conf. (Test Data)
SO <sub>X</sub>	0.001	lb/MMBtu	4.80E-04	1.20E-04	AP-42, Table 3.2-3 (Aug-2000)
PM <sub>10</sub>	0.02	lb/MMBtu	0.02	3.96E-03	AP-42, Table 3.2-3 (Aug-2000)
PM <sub>2,5</sub>	0.02	lb/MMBtu	0.02	3.96E-03	AP-42, Table 3.2-3 (Aug-2000)
Formaldehyde (HCHO)	0.02	lb/MMBtu	0.02	4.18E-03	AP-42, Table 3.2-3 (Aug-2000)
GHG (CO <sub>2</sub> e)	See Table	See Table Below		24	40 CFR 98, Tables C-1 & C-2
Other (Total HAP)	See Table	See Table Below		0.01	AP-42, Table 3,2-3 (Aug-2000)

- Notes:

  1. PM<sub>10</sub> and PM<sub>22</sub> are total values (filterable + condensable).

  2. GHG (CO<sub>2</sub>e) is carbon dioxide equivalent, which is the summation of CO<sub>2</sub> (GWP = 1) + CH<sub>4</sub> (GWP = 25) + N<sub>2</sub>O (GWP = 298).

  3. Total HAP is the summation of all hazardous air pollutants for which there is a published emission factor for this source type.

  4. Per previous requirement of permit engineer, the CO rate corresponds to the highest test result in the Summary Report for the EPA Certificate of Conformity.

  5. The VOC and NO<sub>X</sub> emissions rates are conservative, as they utilize the certification value for the "NMHC + NO<sub>X</sub>" category on the EPA Certificate of Conformity.

Superior Appalachian Pipeline, L.I.C Preston Compressor Station G35-D Application

#### **Generator Engine**

## Greenhouse Gas (GHG) & Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAP) Emissions Calculations:

Pollutant	Emission Factor	Units	Maximum Pote	ntial Emissions	Estimation Basis / Emission	
Poliutant	Emission Pactor	Emission Pactor Onics		tpy	Factor Source	
GHGs:						
CO <sub>2</sub>	53.06	kg/MMBtu	95.46	23,86	40 CFR 98, Table C-1	
CH₄	0.001	kg/MMBtu	1,8E-03	4.5E-04	40 CFR 98, Table C-2	
N <sub>2</sub> O	0,0001	kg/MMBtu	1.8E-04	4,5E-05	40 CFR 98, Table C-2	
GHG (CO₂e)			96	24		
Organic HAPs:						
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	2,536-05	lb/MMBtu	2.1E-05	5,2E-06	AP-42, Table 3.2-3 (Aug-2000	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	1.53E-05	lb/MMBtu	1.2E-05	3.1E-06	AP-42, Table 3.2-3 (Aug-2000	
1,3-Butadiene	6,63E-04	lb/MMBtu	5,4E-04	1.4E-04	AP-42, Table 3.2-3 (Aug-2000	
1,3-Dichloropropene	1,27E-05	lb/MMBtu	1.0E-05	2,6E-06	AP-42, Table 3.2-3 (Aug-2000	
Acetaldehyde	2.79E-03	lb/MMBtu	2.3E-03	5.7E-04	AP-42, Table 3.2-3 (Aug-2000	
Acrolein	2,63E-03	lb/MMBtu	2.1E-03	5,4E-04	AP-42, Table 3.2-3 (Aug-2000	
Benzene	1.58E-03	lb/MMBtu	1,3E-03	3.2E-04	AP-42, Table 3.2-3 (Aug-2000	
Sarbon Tetrachloride	1,77E-05	lb/MMBtu	1.4E-05	3.6E-06	AP-42, Table 3.2-3 (Aug-2000	
Chlorobenzene	1.29E-05	lb/MMBtu	1.1E-05	2.6E-06	AP-42, Table 3.2-3 (Aug-2000	
Chloroform	1.37E-05	lb/MMBtu	1.1E-05	2.8E-06	AP-42, Table 3.2-3 (Aug-2000	
Ethylbenzene	2.48E-05	lb/MMBtu	2.0E-05	5.1E-06	AP-42, Table 3.2-3 (Aug-2000	
Ethylene Dibromide	2.13E-05	lb/MMBtu	1.7E-05	4.3E-06	AP-42, Table 3,2-3 (Aug-2000	
Methanol	3.06E-03	lb/MMBtu	2.5E-03	6.2E-04	AP+42, Table 3.2-3 (Aug-2000	
Methylene Chloride	4.12E-05	lb/MMBtu	3.4E-05	8.4E-06	AP-42, Table 3,2-3 (Aug-2000	
Naphthalene	9.71E-05	lb/MMBtu	7.9E-05	2.0E-05	AP-42, Table 3.2-3 (Aug-2000	
PAH	1.41E-04	lb/MMBtu	1.2E-04	2.9E-05	AP-42, Table 3.2-3 (Aug-2000	
Styrene	1.19E-05	lb/MMBtu	9.7E-06	2.4E-06	AP-42, Table 3,2-3 (Aug-2000	
Coluene	5,58E-04	lb/MMBtu	4.6E-04	1.1E-04	AP-42, Table 3.2-3 (Aug-2000	
Vinyl Chloride	7.18E-06	lb/MMBtu	5.9E-06	1.5E-06	AP-42, Table 3.2-3 (Aug-2000	
(ylene	1.95E-04	lb/MMBtu	1.6E-04	4.0E-05	AP-42, Table 3.2-3 (Aug-2000	
Total HAP (including HCHO)			0.03	0.01		

Superior Appalachian Pipeline, LLC Preston Compressor Station G35-D Application

## Glycol Dehydrator

Source Designation:	RSV-1
Throughput Rating (MMSCFD):	7
Tower Temperature (deg F):	45
Tower Pressure (psig):	900
Maximum Glycol Pump Rate (gpm):	1.5
Potential Annual Hours of Operation (hr/yr):	8,760

Pollutant	(lbs/hr)	(lbs/day)	(tons/yr
Methane	24.0420	577.007	105,3038
Ethane	1.0615	25.476	4.6493
Propane	0.0606	1.455	0.2655
Isobutane	0.0035	0.083	0.0152
n-Butane	0.0104	0.250	0.0457
Isopentane	0.0027	0.064	0.0116
n-Pentane	0.0033	0.079	0.0144
n-Hexane*	0.0251	0.602	0.1099
Total Emissions	25,2090	605.016	110.4153
Total Hydrocarbon Emissions	25.2090	605.016	110.4153
Total VOC Emissions	0.1055	2.533	0.4623
Total HAP Emissions	0.0251	0.602	0.1099

<b>Total Emission Rate</b> <sup>2</sup> Uncontrolled Regenerator Emissions							
Pollutant	(lbs/hr)	(lbs/day)	(tons/yr)				
Methane	28.8504	692.408	126.3646				
Ethane	1.2738	30.571	5.5792				
Propane	0.0727	1,746	0.3186				
Isobutane	0.0042	0.100	0.0182				
n-Butane	0.0125	0.300	0.0548				
Isopentane	0.0032	0.077	0.0139				
n-Pentane	0.0040	0.095	0,0173				
n-Hexane*	0.0301	0.722	0.1319				
Total Emissions	30.2508	726.019	132.4984				
Total Hydrocarbon Emissions	30.2508	726.019	132.4984				
Total VGC Emissions	0.1266	3,040	0.5548				
Total HAP Emissions	0,0301	0.722	0.1319				

<sup>\*</sup> HAPs

<sup>1.</sup> Based on GRI-GLYCalc 4.0 run at maximum operating conditions. The unit utilizes an energy-exchange glycol pump.
2. Totals conservatively include a 20% compliance margin to account for minor variations in inlet gas composition that may occur periodically.

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## Reboiler

Source Designation:	RBV-1A
Fuel Used:	Natural Gas
Higher Heating Value (HHV) (Btu/scf):	1,021
Heat Input (MMBtu/hr);	0.20
Fuel Consumption (MMscf/hr):	1.96E-04
Potential Annual Hours of Operation (hr/yr):	8,760

## Criteria and Manufacturer Specific Pollutant Emission Rates:

	Emission Factor	Potential	Emissions
Pollutant	(lb/MMscf) <sup>1</sup>	(lb/hr) <sup>2</sup>	(tons/yr) <sup>3</sup>
NO <sub>x</sub>	100	0.02	0.09
CO CO	84	0.02	0.07
voc	5.5	1.1E-03	4,7E-03
SO <sub>2</sub>	0,6	1.2E-04	5.1E-04
PM Total	7.6	1.5E-03	0.01
PM Condensable	5,7	1,1E-03	4.9E-03
PM <sub>10</sub> (Filterable)	1.9	3.7E-04	1.6E-03
PM <sub>2,5</sub> (Filterable)	1.9	3.7E-04	1.6E-03
Lead	5.00 E-04	9,8E-08	4,3E-07
co₂⁴	117.0	23.40	102.49
CH.4	2.21 E-03	4.4E-04	1,9E-03
N <sub>2</sub> O <sup>4</sup>	2.21 B-04	4.4E-05	1.9E-04

Superior Appalachian Pipeline, LLC Preston Compressor Station G35-D Application

#### Reboiler

## Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAP) Potential Emissions:

	Emission Factor	Potential	Emissions
Pollutant	(lb/MMscf) <sup>1</sup>	(lb/hr)²	(tons/yr) <sup>3</sup>
HAPs;			
Methylnaphthalene (2-)	2.4E-05	4.7E-09	2.1E-08
3-Methylchloranthrene	1.8E-06	3,5E-10	1,56-09
7,12-Dimethylbenz(a)anthracene	1.6E-05	3.1E-09	1.45-08
Acenaphthene	1.86-06	3.5E-10	1.5E-09
Acenaphthylene	1,8E-06	3.5E-10	1.58-09
Anthracene	2.4E-06	4.7E-10	2.1E-09
Benz(a)anthracene	1,8E-06	3,SE-10	1.5E-09
Benzene	2.16-03	4.1E-07	1.8E-06
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.2B-06	2,4E-10	1,0E-09
Benzo(h)fluoranthene	1.8E-06	3.5E-10	1.5E-09
Benzo(g,h,l)perylene	1.2E-06	2.4E-10	1.0E-09
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.8E-06	3.5E-10	1.5E-09
Chrysene	1.8E-06	3.5E-10	1.5E-09
Dibenzo(a,h) anthracene	1.2E-06	2.4E-10	1.0E-09
Dichlorobenzene	1.2E-03	2.4E-07	1.0E-06
Fluoranthene	3,0E-06	5,9E-10	2.6E-09
Fluorene	2.8E-06	5.5E-10	2.4E-09
Formaldehyde	7.5E-02	1.5E-05	6,4E-05
Hexane	1.8E+00	3.5E-04	1.5E-03
ndo(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1.8E-06	3.5E-10	1,5E-09
Naphthalene	6.1E-04	1.2E-07	5.2E-07
Phenanthrene	1.7E-05	3.3E-09	1.5E-08
Pyrene	5.0E-06	9.8E-10	4.3E-09
Foluene	3,4E-03	6.7E-07	2.9B-06
Arsenic	2.0E-04	3.9E-08	1.7E-07
Beryllium	1,2E-05	2.4E-09	1.0E-08
Cadmium	1.1E-03	2,2E-07	9,4E-07
Chromlum	1.4E-03	2.7E-07	1.2E-06
Cobalt	8.4E-05	1.6E-08	7,2E-08
Manganese	3.8E-04	7.46-08	3.3E-07
Mercury	2.6E-04	5.1E-08	2.2E-07
Nickel	2.1 B-03	4.1E-07	1.8E-06
Selenium	2.4E-05	4.7E-09	2.1E-08
Total HAP		3.7E-04	1.6E-03

<sup>|</sup> Emission factors from AP-42 Section 1.4 "Natural Gas Combustion" Tables 1.4-1, 1.4-2, & 1.4-3
| Emission Rate (lb/hr) = Rated Capacity (MMscf/hr) × Emission Factor (lb/MMscf).
| Annual Emissions (tons/yr) | Perental = (lb/hr) | Emission Kachuran Allowable Operating Hours, 8760 hr/yr) × (1 ton/2000 lb).
| GHG Emission factors from Tables C-1 and C-2, 40 CFR 98, Subpart C.

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## Storage Vessels

Operational Hours

8,760 hrs/yr

Storage Tanks - Uncontrolled 123

Source Designation:	т	01	т	02	Т	03	т	04	T	05
Contents:	Waste	Fluids	Waste	Fluids	Engi	ne Oil	Compre	essor Oil	Triethyle	ne Glycal
Number:	T	tank(s)	1	tank(s)	1	tank(s)	1	tank(s)	1	tank(s)
Capacity:	8,820	gal (each)	8,820	gal (each)	500	gal (each)	300	gal (each)		gal (each)
Throughput:	105,840	gal (each)	105,840	gal (each)	6,000	gal (each)	3,600	gal (each)	3,600	gal (each)
Condensate Through ut:	0.1	bbl/da/leach	0,1	bbl/day each		-		- '		-
Emissions (per tank)	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy
voc	0.052	0.229	0.052	0.229	4.5E-05	2.0E-04	4.5E-05	2.0E-04	2,3E-06	1.0E-05
HAP	0.005	0.020	0.005	0.020	4.5E-05	2.0E-04	4.5E-05	2.0E-04	2.3E-06	1.08-05
Benzene	4.6E-04	0,002	4.6E-04	0.002	The state of the s	1100				
Toluene	2.3E-04	1,000	2.3E-04	0.001		HH 1				
Ethylbenzene	<0.001	< 0.001	<0.001	< 0.001	1550					
Kylene	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	100	FFE				
n-Hexane	0.003	0.013	0.003	0,013						
Methane	0.001	0.006	0.001	0.006	)					

Uncontrolled emissions calculation using E&P TANK v2.0 for tanks with flashing emissions include working, breathing and flashing losses. Conservatively assumes 1% condensate in waste fluids.
Uncontrolled emissions calculation using EPA Tanks 4.0.9d for tanks without flashing; emissions include working and breathing losses.
Conservatively assumes one turnover per month, per tank.

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## Liquid Loading

Throughput Capture Efficiency Control Efficiency

211,680 gal/yr 0% non-tested tanker trucks 0% Combustor destruction efficiency

## Liquid Loading Emissions

Source ID: L01

Uncontrolled Loading Losses: L<sub>c</sub> (lb/10<sup>3</sup> gal) = 12.46 (SPM)/T Controlled Loading Losses: L<sub>c</sub> (lb/10<sup>3</sup> gal) = 12.46 (SPM)/T  $^*$ (1 - Capture Efficiency  $^*$  Control Efficiency)

Parameter	Value	Description
s	1.45	Saturation factor for "Splash Loading: dedicated normal service" (AP-42 Table 5.2-1)
Capture Efficiency	0%	Capture Efficiency
Control Efficiency	0%	Control Efficiency
P	0.3240	true vapor pressure of liquid loaded (psia) - from EPA TANKS run
M	19.3610	molecular weight of vapors (lb/lb-mol) - from EPA TANKS run
Т	511,81	bulk liquid temperature of liquids loaded (deg R) - from EPA TANKS run

Description	Uncontrolled Loading Losses (lb/10 <sup>3</sup> gal)	Maximum Throughput <sup>1</sup> (gal/yr)	VOC En	nissions (lb/hr) <sup>2</sup>	HAP En	nissions (lb/hr) <sup>2</sup>
	(to/10 gar)	(64.73.1)	(497)	(10/115)	[чру]	(10/111)
Truck Loading of Produced Fluids	0.22	211,680	0.02	0.09	0.00	0.01

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  Total estimated maximum annual throughput for the waste fluid tanks.  $^1$  Lb/hr values assume two (2) hours of loading per day, five (5) days per week.

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## Catalytic Heaters

Source Designation:	N/A - Exempt	
Fuel Used:	Natural Gas	11
Higher Heating Value (HHV) (Btu/scf):	1,021	- 1
Heat Input (MMBtu/hr):	0.007	(tota
Fuel Consumption (MMscf/hr):	6.86E-06	
Potential Annual Hours of Operation (hr/yr):	8,760	

## Criteria and Manufacturer Specific Pollutant Emission Rates:

	Emission Factor	Potential	Emissions
Pollutant	(lb/MMscf) <sup>1</sup>	(lb/hr) <sup>2</sup>	(tens/yr)3
NO <sub>x</sub>	100	6.9E-04	3.0E-03
CO CO	84	5,8E-04	2.5E-03
VOC	5,5	3,8E-05	1,7E-04
SO <sub>2</sub>	0.6	4.1E-06	1.8E-05
PM Total	7.6	5.2E-05	2.3E+04
PM Condensable	5.7	3,9E-05	1.7E-04
PM <sub>10</sub> (Filterable)	1.9	1.3E-05	5.7E-05
PM <sub>2.5</sub> (Filterable)	1.9	1.3E-05	5.7E-05
Lead .	5.00E-04	3,4E-09	1.5E-08
CO <sub>2</sub> <sup>4</sup>	117.0	0.82	3.59
CH <sub>4</sub> <sup>4</sup>	2.21E-03	1,5E-05	6.8E-05
N <sub>2</sub> O <sup>4</sup>	2.21E-04	1.SE-06	6.8E-06

Superior Appalachian Pipeline, LLC Preston Compressor Station G35-D Application

## Catalytic Heaters

## Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAP) Potential Emissions:

	Emission Factor	Potential	Emissions
Pollutant	(lb/MMscf) <sup>1</sup>	(lb/hr)²	(tons/yr)3
HAPs:			
Methylnaphthalene (2-)	2.4E-05	1.6E-10	7.2E-10
3-Methylchloranthrene	1.8E-06	1,2E-11	5,4E-11
7,12-Dimethylbenz(a)anthracene	1.6E-05	1.1E-10	4.85-10
Acenaphthene	1.8E-06	1.2E-11	5.4B-11
Acenaphthylene	1,8E-06	1.2E-11	5.48-11
Anthracene	2.4E-06	1.6E-11	7.25-11
Benz(a)anthracene	1,8E-06	1,2E-11	5.4E-11
Benzene	2.1E-03	1.4E-08	6.3E-08
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.2E-06	8,2E-12	3,65-11
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.8E-06	1.2E-11	5.4E-11
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	1.2E-06	8.2E-12	3.6E-11
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.8E-06	1.28-11	5,4E-11
Chrysene	1.8E-06	1.28-11	5.4E-11
Dibenzo(a,h) anthracene	1.2E-06	8.2E-12	3.6E-11
Dichlorobenzene	1.2E-03	8.2E-09	3.6E-08
Fluoranthene	3,0E-06	2,1E-11	9.0E-11
Fluorene	2.8E-06	1.9E-11	8.4E-11
Formaldehyde	7.5E-02	5,1E-07	2,3E-06
Hexane	1.8E+00	1.2E-05	5.4E-05
Indo(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1.8E-06	1.2E-11	5.4E-11
Naphthalene	6.1E-04	4.2E-09	1.8E-08
Phenanthrene	1.7E-05	1.2E-10	5.1E-10
Pyrene	5.0E-06	3.4E-11	1.5E-10
Toluene	3,4E-03	2.3E-08	1.0E-07
Arsenic	2.0E-04	1.4E-09	6.0E-09
Beryilium	1,2E-05	8.2E-11	3.6E-10
Cadmium	1.1E-03	7,5E-09	3,3E-08
Chromium	1.4E-03	9.6E-09	4.2E-08
Cobalt	8.4E-05	5,8E-10	2,5E-09
Manganese	3.8E-04	2.6E-09	1.1 E-08
Mercury	2.6E-04	1.8E-09	7.85-09
Nickel	2.1E-03	1.4E-08	6.3E-08
Selentum	2.4E-05	1.6E-10	7.2E-10
Total HAP		1.3E-05	5.7E-05

LEmission factors from AP-42 Section 1.4 "Natural Gas Combustion" Tables 1.4-1, 1.4-2, & 1.4-3

Emission Rate (lb/hr) = Rated Capacity (MMscf/hr) × Emission Factor (lb/MMscf).

Annual Emissions (tons/yr)<sub>Potential</sub> = (lb/lir)<sub>Emissions</sub> \*(Maximum Allowable Operating Hours, 8760 hr/yr) × (1 ton/2000 lb).

GHG Emission factors from Tables C-1 and C-2, 40 CFR 98, Subpart C.

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## **Fugitive Emissions**

#### Fugitive Emissions from Component Leaks

Facility Equipment Type <sup>1</sup>	Valves	Connectors	Open-Ended Lines	Pressure Relief Devices
Wellhoad	8	38	0.5	0
Separators	1	6	0	0
Meters/Piping	12	45	0	0
Compressors	12	57	0	0
In-line heaters	14	65	2	1
Dehydrators	24	90	2	2

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  Table W-1B to Subpart W of Part 98 —Default Average Component Counts for Major Onshore Natural Gas Production

#### Fugitive VOC/Total Emissions from Component Leaks

Equipment Type	Service	Emission Factors <sup>1</sup> (kg/hr/source)	Facility Equipment Count <sup>2</sup> (units)	TOC Annual Fugitive Emissions (tpy)	Weight Fraction VOC	Weight Fraction HAP	VOC Emissions <sup>3</sup> (tpy)	HAP Emissions <sup>3</sup> (tpy)
Pumps	Light Liquid	0.01990	3	0.58	1.00	0.10	0.58	0.0582836
Compressor	Gas	0.22800	1	2	0.00	2.1E-04	4.6E-03	4.6E-04
Valves	Gas	0.00597	78	4.50	0.00	2.1E-04	0.01	9.4E+04
Pressure Relief Valves	Gas	0.10400	7	7.03	0.00	2.1E-04	0.01	1,5E-03
Open-Ended Lines	All	0.00170	3	0.05	0.00	2.1E-04	1,0E-04	1.0E-05
Connectors	AH	0.00183	324	5.73	0.00	2.1E-04	0.01	1.2E+03
Intermittent Pneumatic Devices <sup>4</sup>	Gas	13.5	0			-	0.0E+00	0.0E+00
			Emission Totals:	20.08			0.62	0.06

<sup>\*\*</sup>IU.S. EPA. Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards. \*\*Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates.\*\* Table 2-1. (Research Triangle Park, NC: U.S. EPA EPA-483/R-95-017, 1995). SOCMI factors were used as it was representative of natural gas extraction. The pneumatic controller value is from 40 CER 98 Subpart W. Table W-14. (Junits of set/Ihr-component).

\*\*Assumes one pump for each tank and one meter. Pressure relief valves count includes two for each storage tank. Pneumatics at this facility are air-powered, emissions are zero. A 50% compliance margin is added to the component counts based on Subpart W cot

\*\*Potential emissions VOC/HAP (tpy) = Emission factor (Rg/Ihr/source) \*\*Number of Sources \*\*Weight % VOC/HAP × 2.2046 (lb/Rg) x 9.760 (lhr/yr) \* 2.000 (lb/ton)

\*\*Potential emissions VOC/HAP (tpy) = Gas volume vented (scf/yr) \*\*Molar weight of natural gas (lb/Ib-mol] \*\*Weight % VOC/HAP + 100 + 379 (scf/Ib-mol) \* 2.000 (lb/ton)

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## **Fugitive Emissions**

gitive Specific HAP Emissions from Component Leak

Equipment Type	Service	Emission Factors <sup>1</sup> (kg/hr/source)	Facility Equipment Count <sup>2</sup> (units)	TOC Annual Fugitive Emissions (tpy)	Benzene Emissions <sup>3</sup> (tpy)	Toluene Emissions <sup>3</sup> (tpy)	Ethylbenzene Emissions <sup>3</sup> (tpy)	Xylene Emissions³ (tpy)	n-Hexane Emissions <sup>4</sup> (tpy)
Pumps	Light Liquid	0.01990	3	0.58	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	1.2E-04
Compressor	Gas	0.22800	1	2.20	< 0.01	< 0.01	<0.01	< 0.01	4.6E-04
Valves	Gas	0.00597	78	4.50	< 0.01	<0.01	<0.01	< 0.01	9.4E-04
Pressure Relief Valves	Gas	0.10400	7	7.03	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	1.5E-03
Open-Ended Lines	All	0.00170	3	0.05	< 0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	1.0E-05
Connectors	All	0.00183	324	5.73	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	1.2E-03
Intermittent Pneumatic Devices <sup>4</sup>	Gas	13.5	0	_	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
			Emission Totals:	20.08	<0.01	<0.01	< 0.01	<0.01	4.2E-03

LU.S. EPA. Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards. Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimotes. Table 2-1. (Research Triangle Park, NC: U.S. EPA EPA-453/R-95-017, 1995). SOCM: factors were used as it was representative of natural gas liquids extraction. The pneumatic controller value is from 40 CFR 98 Subpart W. Table W-1A.

Assumes one pump for each tank: Pressure relief valves count includes one Emergency Pressure Relief valve and one lock-down hatch for each storage tank. A 50% compliance margin is added to the component counts based on Subpart W counts.

Potential emissions HAP (typ) = Emission factor (kg/kr/source) \*Number of Sources\* Weight % HAP x 2.2046 (lb/kg); x 8,760 (lbr/yr) + 2,000 (lb/ton)

Potential emissions HAP (typ) = Gas volume vented (scf/yr) \* Molar weight of natural gas (lb/lb-mol) \* Weight % HAP + 100 + 379 (scf/lb-mol) + 2,000 (lb/ton)

GHG Fugitive Emissions from Component Leaks

Component	Component Count	GHG Emission Factor <sup>1</sup> scf/hr/component	CH <sub>4</sub> Emissions <sup>2,3</sup> (tpy)	CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions <sup>2,3</sup> (tpy)	CO2e Emissions
Pumps	3	0.01	0.01	6.4E-05	0.14
Compressor	1	4,17	0.75	0.01	18.82
Valves	78	0.027	0.38	4.5E-03	9.50
Pressure Relief Devices	7	0.04	0.05	6.0E-04	1.26
Open-Ended Lines	3	0.061	0.03	3.9E-04	0.83
Connectors	324	0.003	0.18	2,1E-03	4.39
Intermittent Pneumatic Devices	0	6	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00
	Total		1.40	0.02	34.94

Population emission factors for gas service in the Eastern U.S. from Table W-1A of Subpart W - Default Whole Gas Emission Factors for Onshore Production , 40 CFR 98, Subpart W (table W-6 for compressor).

Calculated in accordance with Equations W-32a, W-35 and W-36 in Subpart W of 40 CFR 98. See footnote 4 above for sample calculation.

Potential emissions VOC/HAP (tpy) = Gas volume vented (scf/yr) \* Molar weight of natural gas (lb/lb-mol) \* Weight % VOC/HAP + 100 + 379 (scf/lb-mol) + 2,000 (lb/ton)

Mole fractions of CH<sub>4</sub> and CO<sub>2</sub> based on gas analysis:

CH<sub>4</sub> 97%

CO<sub>2</sub>: 0.42%

Carbon equivalent emissions (CO<sub>2</sub>e) are based on the following Global Warming Potentials (GWP) from 40 CFR Part 98, Table A-1: Carbon Dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>): Methane (CH<sub>4</sub>): 1 25

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Company Name: Facility Name: Project Description:

## **Fugitive Emissions**

#### Fugitive Emissions from Venting

Source	Volume (scf/yr)	VOC Emissions (tpv)	Benzene Emissions (tpy)	Toluene Emissions (tpy)	Ethylbenzene Emissions (tpy)	Xylene Emissions (tpy)	n-Hexane Emissions (tpy)	HAP Emissions	CH <sub>4</sub> Emissions	CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions	CO <sub>2</sub> e Emissions
Miscellaneous Gas Venting	1,000,000	0,04	<0.01	< 0.01	<0.01	<0,01	4.5E-03	4.5E-03	20,60	0.24	515.21
Total		0.04	<0.01	<0.01	< 0.01	<0.01	4.5E-03	4.5E-03	20.60	0.24	515,21

VOC and HAP emissions are based on sum of the fractions of the pollutants in the site-specific gas analysis in those classifications, and are calculated in accordance with standard conversion methodology and factors.

2 CH<sub>4</sub> and CO<sub>2</sub> emissions are based on fractions of these pollutants in the site-specific gas analysis, and are calculated in accordance with Equations W-35 and W-36 in Subpart W of 40 CFR 98.

3 GHG (CO<sub>2</sub>e) is carbon dioxide equivalent, which is the summation of CO<sub>2</sub> (GWP = 1) + CH<sub>4</sub> (GWP = 25) + N<sub>2</sub>0 (GWP = 298).

1 Total gas volume emitted (and thus subsequent emissions values) is estimated based on engineering judgement and is conservative.

3 FOCAL gas volume emitted (and thus subsequent emissions values) is estimated based on engineering judgement and is conservative.

4 Potential emissions VOC/HAP (tpy) = Gas volume vented (scf/yr) \* Molar weight of natural gas (lb/lb-mol) \* Weight % VOC/HAP + 100 + 379 (scf/lb-mol) + 2,000 (lb/ton)

7 Potential emissions CH<sub>2</sub>/CO<sub>2</sub> (tpy) = Gas volume vented (scf/yr) \* Molar weight of natural gas (lb/lb-mol) \* Note (lb

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## Haul Roads

## Estimated Potential Road Fugitive Emissions

	_			
Unpaved Road Emissions				
Unpaved Roads:	E (lb/VMT)	= k(s/12)*(W/3)b	)*[(365-p)/3	865]
	PM	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	
k Factor (Ib/VMT)	4,9	1.5	0.15	AP-42 Table 13.2.2-2 (Final, 11/06)
Silt content, s	4.8	%		AP-42 Table 13.2.2-1 (11/06), for Sand and Gravel Processing
Number of Rain Days, p	150			AP-42 Figure 13.2.1-2
a	0.7	0.9	0.9	AP-42 Table 13,2,2-2 (Final, 11/06)
ь	0.45	0.45	0.45	AP-42 Table 13,2,2-2 (Final, 11/06)

Description	Weight of Empty Truck (tons)	Weight of Truck w/ Max Load (tons)	Mean Vehicle Weight (tons)	Length of Unpaved Road Traveled (mile)	Trips Per Year	Mileage Per Year	Control (%)	PM	Emissions (tpy PM <sub>10</sub>	γ) PM <sub>2.5</sub>
Liquids Hauling Employee Vehicles	20 3	40 3	30 3	80.0 80.0	53 200	8 8	0	0.02 0.02	0.00 0.01	0.00
Total Potential Emissions	157							0,04	0.01	0.00

Superior Appalachian Pipeline, LLC Preston Compressor Station G35-D Application

## Gas Analysis

Sample Location: HHV (Btu/scf):

Preston Compressor Station 1,021

Constituent	Natural Gas Stream Speciation (Mole %)	Molecular Weight	Molar Weight	Average Weight Fraction	Natural Gas Stream Speciation (Wt. %)
Carbon Dioxide	0.422	44,01	0.19	0,01	1.127
Nitrogen	0.389	28.01	0.11	0.01	0.660
Methane	97.329	16.04	15,61	0,95	94,740
Ethane	1.790	30.07	0.54	0.03	3.266
Propane	0.057	44.10	0,03	0.00	0,153
Isobutane	0.002	58.12	0.00	0.00	0.007
n-Butane	0.005	58.12	0.00	0.00	0.018
Isopentane	0.001	72,15	0.00	0.00	0.004
n-Pentane	0.001	72.15	0.00	0.00	0.004
n-Hexane	0.004	86.18	0.00	0.00	0.021
Totals	99,939		16,48	1.00	100

TOC (Total)	99.19	98.21
VOC (Total)	0.07	0.21
HAP (Total)	0.00	0.02

GRI-GLYCalc VERSION 4.0 - AGGREGATE CALCULATIONS REPORT

Case Name: Superior - Preston Station Dehydrator

File Name: Z:\Client\Superior Pipeline\West Virginia\Preston\Projects\153901.0051 G35-D

Modification Application\04 Draft\2017-0315 Draft G35-D Mod Application\Attach U -

Emission Calcs\02 GRI-GLYCalc\2017-0315\_SAP\_Preston\_G35D\_Dehy v1.0.ddf

Date: March 15, 2017

#### DESCRIPTION:

Description: Potential-to-emit calculation run Annual Hours of Operation: 8760.0 hours/yr

EMISSIONS REPORTS:

## UNCONTROLLED REGENERATOR EMISSIONS

Component	lbs/hr	lbs/day	tons/yr
Methane	24.0420	577.007	105.3038
Ethane	1.0615	25.476	4.6493
Propane	0.0606	1.455	0.2655
Isobutane	0.0035	0.083	0.0152
n-Butane	0.0104	0.250	0.0457
Isopentane	0.0027	0.064	0.0116
n-Pentane	0.0033	0.079	0.0144
n-Hexane	0.0251	0.602	0.1099
Total Emissions	25.2090	605.016	110.4153
Total Hydrocarbon Emissions Total VOC Emissions Total HAP Emissions	25.2090	605.016	110.4153
	0.1055	2.533	0.4623
	0.0251	0.602	0.1099

EQUIPMENT	REPORTS:
-----------	----------

#### ABSORBER

NOTE: Because the Calculated Absorber Stages was below the minimum allowed, GRI-GLYCalc has set the number of Absorber Stages to 1.25 and has calculated a revised Dry Gas Dew Point.

> Calculated Absorber Stages: 1.25

0.32 lbs. H2O/MMSCF Calculated Dry Gas Dew Point:

> Temperature: 900.0 psig 45.0 deg. F Pressure:

Dry Gas Flow Rate: 7.0000 MMSCF/day Glycol Losses with Dry Gas: 0.0058 lb/hr

Wet Gas Water Content: Saturated

Calculated Wet Gas Water Content: 10.61 lbs. H2O/MMSCF Calculated Lean Glycol Recirc. Ratio: 29.99 gal/lb H2O

> Remaining Absorbed Component in Dry Gas in Glycol

Water	3.03%	96.97%
Carbon Dioxide	99.57%	0.43%
Nitrogen	99.98%	0.02%
Methane	99.98%	0.02%
Ethane	99.92%	0.08%
Propane	99.87%	0.13%
Isobutane	99.79%	0.21%
n-Butane	99.71%	0.29%
Isopentane	99.70%	0.30%
n-Pentane	99.59%	0.41%
n-Hexane	99.23%	0.77%

#### REGENERATOR

-----

No Stripping Gas used in regenerator.

Component	Remaining in Glycol	Distilled Overhead
Water	80.81%	19.19%
Carbon Dioxide	0.00%	100.00%
Nitrogen	0.00%	100.00%
Methane	0.00%	100.00%
Ethane	0.00%	100.00%
Propane	0.00%	100.00%
Isobutane	0.00%	100.00%
n-Butane	0.00%	100.00%
Isopentane	0.31%	99.69%
n-Pentane	0.35%	99.65%
n-Hexane	0.41%	99.59%

## STREAM REPORTS:

\_\_\_\_\_\_

## WET GAS STREAM

Temperature: 45.00 deg. F Pressure: 914.70 psia Flow Rate: 2.92e+005 scfh

Component	Conc. (vol%)	Loading (lb/hr)
Carbon Dioxide Nitrogen Methane	2.24e-002 4.22e-001 3.88e-001 9.73e+001 1.79e+000	1.43e+002 8.36e+001 1.20e+004
Isobutane n-Butane Isopentane	5.70e-002 2.00e-003 5.00e-003 1.00e-003	8.94e-001 2.23e+000 5.55e-001
n-Hexane	4.00e-003	2.65e+000

Page: 3

Total Components 100.00 1.27e+004

DRY GAS STREAM

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Temperature: 45.00 deg. F Pressure: 914.70 psia Flow Rate: 2.92e+005 scfh

Component Conc. Loading (vol%) (lb/hr)

Water 6.78e-004 9.38e-002
Carbon Dioxide 4.20e-001 1.42e+002
Nitrogen 3.88e-001 8.35e+001
Methane 9.73e+001 1.20e+004
Ethane 1.79e+000 4.14e+002

Propane 5.69e-002 1.93e+001
Isobutane 2.00e-003 8.92e-001
n-Butane 4.99e-003 2.23e+000
Isopentane 9 97e-004 5 53e-001

Isopentane 9.97e-004 5.53e-001 n-Pentane 9.96e-004 5.52e-001

n-Hexane 3.97e-003 2.63e+000
-----Total Components 100.00 1.27e+004

#### LEAN GLYCOL STREAM

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Temperature: 45.00 deg. F Flow Rate: 1.50e+000 gpm

Component Conc. Loading (wt%) (lb/hr)

TEG 9.85e+001 8.32e+002 Water 1.50e+000 1.27e+001 Carbon Dioxide 7.25e-012 6.13e-011 Nitrogen 2.37e-013 2.00e-012 Methane 9.83e-018 8.31e-017

Ethane 1.78e-008 1.50e-007 Propane 1.25e-010 1.05e-009 Isobutane 6.59e-012 5.57e-011 n-Butane 1.89e-011 1.59e-010 Isopentane 9.89e-007 8.35e-006

n-Pentane 1.37e-006 1.16e-005 n-Hexane 1.21e-005 1.02e-004 Total Components 100.00 8.45e+002

#### RICH GLYCOL AND PUMP GAS STREAM

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Temperature: 45.00 deg. F Pressure: 914.70 psia Flow Rate: 1.56e+000 gpm

NOTE: Stream has more than one phase.

Component Conc. Loading (wt%) (lb/hr)

TEG 9.52e+001 8.32e+002 Water 1.79e+000 1.57e+001

Page: 4

Carbon Dioxide 9.95e-002 8.69e-001
Nitrogen 1.95e-002 1.70e-001
Methane 2.75e+000 2.40e+001

Ethane 1.21e-001 1.06e+000
Propane 6.94e-003 6.06e-002
Isobutane 3.96e-004 3.46e-003
n-Butane 1.19e-003 1.04e-002
Isopentane 3.05e-004 2.67e-003

n-Pentane 3.78e-004 3.31e-003
n-Hexane 2.88e-003 2.52e-002

Total Components 100.00 8.74e+002

## REGENERATOR OVERHEADS STREAM

Temperature: 212.00 deg. F

Temperature: 212.00 deg. F Pressure: 14.70 psia Flow Rate: 6.56e+002 scfh

Component	Conc. (vol%)	Loading (lb/hr)
Carbon Dioxide Nitrogen Methane	9.66e+000 1.14e+000 3.51e-001 8.67e+001 2.04e+000	8.69e-001 1.70e-001 2.40e+001
Isobutane n-Butane Isopentane	7.95e-002 3.44e-003 1.04e-002 2.13e-003 2.64e-003	3.46e-003 1.04e-002 2.66e-003
n-Hexane	1.68e-002	2.51e-002

Total Components 100.00 2.93e+001

Page: 1

GRI-GLYCalc VERSION 4.0 - SUMMARY OF INPUT VALUES

Case Name: Superior - Preston Station Dehydrator

File Name: Z:\Client\Superior Pipeline\West Virginia\Preston\Projects\153901.0051 G35-D

Modification Application\04 Draft\2017-0315 Draft G35-D Mod Application\Attach U -

Emission Calcs\02 GRI-GLYCalc\2017-0315 SAP Preston G35D Dehy v1.0.ddf

Date: March 15, 2017

#### DESCRIPTION:

Description: Potential-to-emit calculation run

Annual Hours of Operation: 8760.0 hours/yr

#### WET GAS:

-----

Temperature: 45.00 deg. F Pressure: 900.00 psig

Wet Gas Water Content: Saturated

Component	Conc. (vol %)
Carbon Dioxide	0.4220
Nitrogen	0.3880
Methane	97.3290
Ethane	1.7900
Propane	0.0570
Isobutane	0.0020
n-Butane	0.0050
Isopentane	0.0010
n-Pentane	0.0010
n-Hexane	0.0040

DRY GAS:

Flow Rate: 7.0 MMSCF/day Water Content: 7.0 lbs. H2O/MMSCF

LEAN GLYCOL:

-----

Glycol Type: TEG

Water Content: 1.5 wt% H2O Flow Rate: 1.5 gpm

PUMP:

Glycol Pump Type: Gas Injection

Gas Injection Pump Volume Ratio: 0.080 acfm gas/gpm glycol

## 2017-0316\_SAP\_Preston\_G35D\_WasteTanks

```
*****************
     Project Setup Information
*****************
                          : Z:\Client\Superior Pipeline\West
Virginia\Preston\Projects\153901.0051 G35-D Modification Application\04
Draft\2017-0315 Draft G35-D Mod Application\Attach U - Emission Calcs\03 E&P
TANK\2017-0316_SAP_Preston_G35D_WasteTanks.ept
                         : Oil Tank with Separator : RVP Distillation
Flowsheet Selection
Calculation Method
Control Efficiency : 100.0%
Known Separator Stream : Geographical Region
Geographical Region : All Regions in US
Geographical Region
Entering Air Composition
                         : Preston Compressor Station
: Waste Fluid Tanks (T01 & T02)
Filed Name
Well Name
Date
                          : 2017 03 16
*******************************
     Data Input
Separator Pressure
                         : 50.00[psig]
Separator Temperature
                         : 125.00[F]
Ambient Pressure
                         : 14.70[psia]
Ambient Temperature
                         : 125.00[F]
C10+ SG
                         : 0.8420
C10+ MW
                         : 287.00
-- Low Pressure Oil
                               mol %
         Component
   No.
                               1.2800
   1
         H2S
   2
         02
                               0.0000
   3
         CO2
                               0.0300
   4
         N2
                               0.0000
   5
         C1
                               1.2700
   67
         C2
                               2.0800
         C3
                               4.5700
   8
         i-C4
                               1.8900
   9
                               6.4800
         n-c4
                               3.8800
7.0400
   10
         i-C5
         n-C5
         C6
   12
                               3.0500
   13
         c7
                               6.8200
  14
         C8
                               7.7800
  15
16
                              7.2300
37.9300
         C9
         C10+
   17
                               0.8300
         Benzene
   18
         Toluene
                               1.0200
   19
         E-Benzene
                               0.0700
   20
         Xylenes
                               0.6500
   21
         n-c6
                               6.1000
   22
         224Trimethylp
                               0.0000
```

Page 1

## 2017-0316\_SAP\_Preston\_G35D\_wasteTanks

## -- Sales Oil

Production Rate : 0.1[bb]/day] Days of Annual Operation : 365 [days/year]
API Gravity : 49.0
Reid Vapor Pressure : 8.90[psia]

## Calculation Results

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

## -- Emission Summary

Item	Uncontrolled [ton/vr]	Uncontrolled []b/hr]		
Page			E&P	TANK

Total HAPs	0.020	0.005
Total HC	0.254	0.058
VOCs, C2+	0.247	0.056
VOCs, C3+	0.229	0.052

## Uncontrolled Recovery Info.

Vapor HC Vapor 10.6600 x1E-3 [MSCFD] 9.9100 x1E-3 [MSCFD] GOR 106.60 [SCF/bbl]

## -- Emission Composition

No	Component	Uncontrolled [ton/yr]	Uncontrolled [lb/hr]
1	H2S	0.012	0.003
2	02	0.000	0.000
2	CO2	0.000	0.000
	N2	0.000	0.000
5	C1	0.006	0.001
4 5 6 7	C2	0.018	0.004
	C3	0.049	0.011
8	i-C4	0.020	0.005
9	n-C4	0.059	0.013
10	i-C5	0.026	0.006
11	n-C5	0.039	0.009
12	C6	0.008	0.002
13	C7	0.008	0.002
14	C8	0.004	0.001
15 16	C9 C10+	0.002	0.000
17	Benzene	0.000 0.002	0.000 0.000
18	Toluene	0.002	0.000
19	E-Benzene	0.000	0.000
20	Xylenes	0.000	0.000
$\bar{2}1$	n-C6	0.013	0.003
22	224Trimethylp	0.000	0.000
	Total	0.267	0.061

## -- Stream Data

LP Oil Flash Oil Sale Oil Flash Gas W&S Gas No. Component MW

Page 2

Total Emissions	2017-0316_	_SAP_Presto	onG35D_Was	steTanks		
		mol %	mol %	mol %	mol %	mol %
mol % 1 H2S	34.80	1.2800	0.2130	0.2130	6.8990	0.0000
6.8990 2 02	32.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000 3 co2	44.01	0.0300	0.0021	0.0021	0.1768	0.0000
0.1768 4 N2	28.01	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000 5 C1	16.04	1.2700	0.0369	0.0369	7.7635	0.0000
7.7635 6 C2	30.07	2.0800	0.2466	0.2466	11.7345	0.0000
11.7345 7 c3	44.10	4.5700	1.3445	1.3445	21.5554	0.0000
21.5554 8 i-c4	58.12	1.8900	0.9750	0.9750	6.7085	0.0000
6.7085 9 n-C4	58.12	6.4800	3.9279	3.9279	19.9192	0.0000
19.9192 10 i-c5	72.15	3.8800	3.2983	3.2983	6.9431	0.0000
6.9431 11 n-c5	72.15	7.0400	6.3906	6.3906	10.4595	0.0000
10.4595 12 C6	86.16	3.0500	3.2895	3.2895	1.7886	0.0000
1.7886 13 c7	100.20	6.8200	7.8112	7.8112	1.6004	0.0000
1.6004 14 C8	114.23	7.7800	9.1297	9.1297	0.6724	0.0000
0.6724 15 c9	128.28	7.2300	8.5561	8.5561	0.2466	0.0000
0.2466 16 C10+	166.00	37.9300	45.1329	45,1329	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000 17 Benzene	78.11	0.8300	0.9150	0.9150	0.3821	0.0000
0.3821 18 Toluene	92.13	1.0200	1.1834	1.1834	0.1596	0.0000
0.1596 19 E-Benzene	106.17	0.0700	0.0825	0.0825	0.0041	0.0000
0.0041 20 Xylenes	106.17	0.6500	0.7670	0.7670	0.0341	0.0000
0.0341 21 n-C6	86.18	6.1000	6.6977	6.6977	2.9524	0.0000
2.9524 22 224Trimethylp			0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
0.0000	114.24	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
MW		159.21	179.60	179.60	51.88	0.00
51.88 Stream Mole Ratio		1.0000		0.8404	0.1596	0.0000
0.1596	[BTU/SCF]				2822.40	0.00
2822.40 Gas Gravity					1.79	0.00
1.79 Bubble Pt. @ 100F			12.70	12.70		0.00
Page 2					F&	&P TANK
RVP @ 100F		27.72		8.66		

## TANKS 4.0.9d Emissions Report - Detail Format

## Tank Indentification and Physical Characteristics

Identification

User Identification: City: Preston Station (Oil Tanks)

State: Company:

West Virginia

Horizontal Tank

Type of Tank: Description:

Compressor and Engine Lube Oil Tanks

**Tank Dimensions** 

 Shell Length (ft):
 8.00

 Diameter (ft):
 4.00

 Volume (gallons):
 500.00

 Turnovers:
 12.00

 Net Throughput(gal/yr):
 6,000.00

Is Tank Heated (y/n):

Is Tank Underground (y/n):

N

**Paint Characteristics** 

Shell Color/Shade: Gray/Medium

Shell Condition Good

**Breather Vent Settings** 

Vacuum Settings (psig): Pressure Settings (psig) -0.03 0.03

Meterological Data used in Emissions Calculations: Elkins, West Virginia (Avg Atmospheric Pressure = 13.73 psia)

## TANKS 4.0.9d Emissions Report - Detail Format Liquid Contents of Storage Tank

## Preston Station (Oil Tanks) - Horizontal Tank

			aily Liquid S		Liquid Bulk Temp	Vapo	r Pressure	(psia)	Vapor Mol.	Liquid Mass	Vapor Mass	Mol.	Basis for Vapor Pressure		-
Mixture/Component	Month	Avg.	Min.	Max.	(deg F)	Avg.	Min.	Max.	Weight.	Fract.	Fract.	Weight	Calculations		
Distillate fuel oil no. 2	All	57.20	47.16	67.23	52.14	0.0066	0.0041	0.0086	130.0000			188.00	Option 1: VP50 = .0045 VP	60 = .0074	

## TANKS 4.0.9d Emissions Report - Detail Format Detail Calculations (AP-42)

## Preston Station (Oil Tanks) - Horizontal Tank

Annual Emission Calcaulations	
Standing Losses (lb):	0,2655
Vapor Space Volume (cu fl):	64.0325
Vapor Density (lb/cu ft):	0.0002
Vapor Space Expansion Factor:	0.0736
Vented Vapor Saturation Factor:	0.9993
Tank Vapor Space Volume:	
Vapor Space Volume (cu ft):	64.0325
Tank Diameter (ft):	4.0000
Effective Diameter (ft):	6.3847
Vapor Space Outage (ft):	2.0000
Tank Shell Length (ft):	8.0000
Vapor Density	
Vapor Density (lb/cu ft):	0.0002
Vapor Motecular Weight (lb/lb-mote):	130.0000
Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid	
Surface Temperature (psia):	0.0066
Daily Avg. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg. R):	516.8667
Daily Average Ambient Temp, (deg. F):	49.0583
Ideal Gas Constant R	
(psia cuft / (lb-mol-deg R));	10.731
Liquid Bulk Temperature (deg. R):	511.8083
Tank Paint Solar Absorptance (Shell):	0.6800
Daily Total Solar Insulation	
Factor (Blu/sqft day):	1.193.8870

## TANKS 4.0 Report

Vapor Space Expansion Factor	
Vapor Space Expansion Factor:	0.0736
Daily Vapor Temperature Range (deg. R):	40.1436
Daily Vapor Pressure Range (psia):	0.0045
Breather Vent Press. Setting Range(psia): Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid	0.0600
Surface Temperature (psia): Vapor Pressure at Daily Minimum Liquid	0.0066
Surface Temperature (psia):	0.0041
Vapor Pressure at Daily Maximum Liquid	0.0041
Surface Temperature (psia):	0.0086
Daily Avg. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R):	516.8667
Daily Min. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R):	506.8308
Daily Max. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R):	526,9026
Daily Ambient Temp. Range (deg. R):	24,1833
Vented Vapor Saturation Factor	
Vented Vapor Saturation Factor:	0.9993
Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid:	
Surface Temperature (psia):	0.0066
Vapor Space Outage (ft):	2.0000
Working Losses (lb):	0.1223
Vapor Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole):	130.0000
Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid	155,0000
Surface Temperature (psia):	0.0066
Annual Net Throughput (gal/yr.):	6,000,0000
Annual Turnovers:	12.0000
Turnover Factor:	1.0000
Tank Diameter (ft):	4.0000
Working Loss Product Factor:	1.0000
Total Losses (lb):	0.3878
• *	0.00.0

## TANKS 4.0.9d Emissions Report - Detail Format Individual Tank Emission Totals

## **Emissions Report for: Annual**

## Preston Station (Oil Tanks) - Horizontal Tank

	Losses(lbs)							
Components	Working Loss	Breathing Loss	Total Emissions					
Distillate fuel oil no. 2	0.12	0.27	0.39					

## **TANKS 4.0.9d**

# Emissions Report - Detail Format Tank Indentification and Physical Characteristics

	de	ntifi	ica	tion	
--	----	-------	-----	------	--

User Identification:

Preston Station (Glycol Tank)

City: State:

West Virginia

Company: Type of Tank: Description:

Horizontal Tank
Triethylene Glycol Tank

#### **Tank Dimensions**

#### **Paint Characteristics**

Is Tank Underground (y/n):

Shell Color/Shade: Gray/Medium
Shell Condition Good

## **Breather Vent Settings**

Vacuum Settings (psig): -0.03
Pressure Settings (psig) 0.03

Meterological Data used in Emissions Calculations: Elkins, West Virginia (Avg Atmospheric Pressure = 13.73 psia)

## TANKS 4.0.9d Emissions Report - Detail Format Liquid Contents of Storage Tank

## Preston Station (Glycol Tank) - Horizontal Tank

2														
					Liquid									
		D	aily Liquid S	Surf.	Bulk				Vapor	Liquid	Vapor			
		Terr	nperature (d	leg F)	Temp	Vapo	r Pressure	(psia)	Mol.	Mass	Mass	Mol.	Basis for Vapor Pressure	
Mixture/Component	Month	Avg.	Min.	Max.	(deg F)	Avg.	Min.	Max.	Weight,	Fract.	Fract.	Weight	Calculations	
												_		
Propylene glycol	All	57.20	47.16	67.23	52.14	0.0008	0.0005	0.0014	76.1100			76.11	Option 2: A=8.2082, B=2085,9, C=203.54	

## TANKS 4.0.9d Emissions Report - Detail Format Detail Calculations (AP-42)

## Preston Station (Glycol Tank) - Horizontal Tank

Annual Emission Calcaulations	
Standing Losses (lb):	0.0118
Vapor Space Volume (cu ft):	40.0203
Vapor Density (lb/cu ft):	0.0000
Vapor Space Expansion Factor:	0.0734
Vented Vapor Saturation Factor:	0.9999
Tank Vapor Space Volume:	
Vapor Space Volume (cu ff):	40.0203
Tank Diameter (ft):	4.0000
Effective Diameter (ft):	5.0475
Vapor Space Outage (ft):	2.0000
Tank Shell Length (ft):	5.0000
Vapor Density	
Vapor Density (lb/cu ft):	0.0000
Vapor Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole):	76.1100
Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid	
Surface Temperature (psia):	0.0008
Daily Avg. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg. R):	516.8667
Daily Average Ambient Temp. (deg. F):	49.0583
Ideal Gas Constant R	
(psia cuft / (lb-mol-deg R)):	10.731
Liquid Bulk Temperature (deg. R):	511.8083
Tank Paint Solar Absorptance (Shell):	0.6800
Daily Total Solar Insulation	
Factor (Btu/sqft day):	1,193.8870

## TANKS 4.0 Report

Vapor Space Expansion Factor	
Vapor Space Expansion Factor:	0.0734
Daily Vapor Temperature Range (deg. R):	40.1436
Daily Vapor Pressure Range (psia):	0.0009
Breather Vent Press. Setting Range(psia):	0.0600
Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid	
Surface Temperature (psia):	0.0008
Vapor Pressure at Daily Minimum Liquid	
Surface Temperature (psia):	0,0005
Vapor Pressure at Daily Maximum Liquid	
Surface Temperature (psia):	0.0014
Daily Avg. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R):	516,8667
Daily Min. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R):	506.8308
Daily Max. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R):	526.9026
Daily Ambient Temp. Range (deg. R):	24.1833
Vented Vapor Saturation Factor	
Vented Vapor Saturation Factor:	0.9999
Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid:	
Surface Temperature (psia):	8000.0
Vapor Space Outage (ft):	2.0000
Working Losses (lb):	0.0053
Vapor Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole);	76.1100
Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid	
Surface Temperature (psia):	8000.0
Annual Net Throughput (gal/yr.):	3,600.0000
Annual Turnovers:	12.0000
Turnover Factor:	1.0000
Tank Diameter (ft):	4,0000
Working Loss Product Factor:	1.0000
Total Losses (lb);	0.0171
	0.0177

## TANKS 4.0.9d Emissions Report - Detail Format Individual Tank Emission Totals

## **Emissions Report for: Annual**

## Preston Station (Glycol Tank) - Horizontal Tank

	Losses(lbs)								
Components	Working Loss	Breathing Loss	Total Emissions						
Propylene glycol	0.01	0.01	0.02						

## **TANKS 4.0.9d**

# Emissions Report - Detail Format Tank Indentification and Physical Characteristics

Identification	
User Identification:	Preston Station (Liquid Loading)
City:	
State:	West Virginia
Company:	
Type of Tank:	Vertical Fixed Roof Tank
Description:	Liquid loading parameter calculations for truck loading of produced fluids
Tank Dimensions	
Shell Height (ft):	14.00
Diameter (ft):	10.00
Liquid Height (ft)	14.00
Avg. Liquid Height (ft):	7.00
Volume (gallons):	8,820.00
Turnovers:	24.00
Net Throughput(gal/yr):	211,680.00
Is Tank Heated (y/n):	N
Paint Characteristics	
Shell Color/Shade:	Gray/Medium
Shell Condition	Good
Roof Color/Shade:	Gray/Medium
Roof Condition:	Good
Roof Characteristics	
Type:	Cone
Height (ft)	0.00
Slope (ft/ft) (Cone Roof)	0.00
Breather Vent Settings	
Vacuum Settings (psig):	-0.03
Pressure Settings (psig)	0.03

Meterological Data used in Emissions Calculations: Elkins, West Virginia (Avg Atmospheric Pressure = 13.73 psia)

## TANKS 4.0.9d Emissions Report - Detail Format Liquid Contents of Storage Tank

## Preston Station (Liquid Loading) - Vertical Fixed Roof Tank

			aily Liquid S operature (de		Liquid Bulk Temp	Vapo	r Pressure	(psia)	Vapor Mol.	Liquid Mass	Vapor Mass	Mol.	Basis for Vapor Pressure
Mixture/Component	Month	Avg.	Min.	Max.	(deg F)	Avg.	Min.	Max.	Weight.	Fract.	Fract.	Weight	Calculations
Produced Water	All	57.20	47.16	67.23	52.14	0.2365	0.1708	0.3240	19.3610			18.17	
Benzene						1.0800	0.8090	1.4225	78.1100	0.0001	0.0004	78.11	Option 2: A=6.905, B=1211.033, C=220.79
Butane (-n)						0.4772	0.3937	0.5736	58,1200	0.0005	0.0009	58,12	Option 2: A=5.09536, B=935.86, C=238.73
Decane (-n)						0.0313	0.0249	0.0394	142.2900	0.0045	0.0006	142.29	Option 1: VP50 = .026411 VP60 = .033211
Ethylbenzene						0.0984	0.0684	0.1390	106.1700	0.0000	0.0000	106.17	Option 2: A=6.975, B=1424.255, C=213.21
Heptane (-n)						0.5620	0.4123	0.7572	100.2000	0.0008	0.0017	100.20	Option 3: A=37358, B=8.2585
Hexane (-n)						1.7780	1.3561	2.3024	86.1700	0.0010	0.0071	86,17	Option 2: A=6.876, B=1171.17, C=224.41
sopentane						9.4118	7.3180	11.8312	72.1500	0.0003	0.0123	72.15	Option 1: VP50 = 7.889 VP60 = 10.005
Nonane (-n)						0.0614	0.0482	0.0782	128.2600	0.0009	0.0002	128,26	Option 1: VP50 = .051285 VP60 = .065278
Octane (-n)						0.1362	0.1051	0.1764	114.2300	0.0009	0.0005	114.23	Option 1: VP50 = .112388 VP60 = .145444
Pentane (-n)						6.4211	5.1036	8.0084	72.1500	0.0006	0.0163	72.15	Option 3: A=27691, B=7.558
Propane (-n)						103.5663	88.7398	120.2028	44.0956	0.0002	0.0657	44.10	Option 2: A=7.340862493, B=1104.226774- C=291.70993941
Toluene						0.3024	0.2186	0.4120	92,1300	0.0001	0.0001	92.13	Option 2: A=6.954, B=1344.8, C=219.48
Vater						0.2277	0.1634	0.3135	18,0150	0.9900	0.8941	18.02	Option 1: VP50 = .178 VP60 = .247
Xylene (-m)						0.0818	0.0567	0.1160	106.1700	0.0001	D.0000	108.17	Option 2: A=7.009, B=1462.266, C=215.11

## TANKS 4.0.9d Emissions Report - Detail Format Detail Calculations (AP-42)

Preston Station (Liquid Loading) - Vertical Fixed Roof Tank

Annual Emission Calcaulations	
Standing Losses (lb):	12.8805
Vapor Space Volume (cu ft):	549.7787
Vapor Density (lb/cu ft):	0.0008
Vapor Space Expansion Factor: Vented Vapor Saturation Factor;	0.0846 0.9193
	0.9193
Tank Vapor Space Volume:	F40 7707
Vapor Space Volume (cu ft): Tank Diameter (ft):	549.7787 10.0000
Vapor Space Outage (ft):	7.0000
Tank Shell Height (ft):	14.0000
Average Liquid Height (fl):	7.0000
Roof Outage (ft):	0.0000
Roof Outage (Cone Roof)	
Roof Outage (ft): Roof Height (ft):	0.0000
Roof Slope (fl/ft):	0.000,0
Shell Radius (ft):	5.0000
Vapor Density	
Vapor Density (lb/cu ft):	0.0008
Vapor Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole):	19.3610
Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid	0.0005
Surface Temperature (psia): Daily Avg. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg. R):	0.2365 516.8667
Daily Average Ambient Temp. (deg. F):	49.0583
Ideal Gas Constant R	
(psia cuft / (lb-mol-deg R)):	10.731
Liquid Bulk Temperature (deg. R):	511.8083
Tank Paint Solar Absorptance (Shell): Tank Paint Solar Absorptance (Roof):	0,6800 0.6800
Daily Total Solar Insulation	0.0000
Factor (Btu/sqft day):	1,193.8870
Vapor Space Expansion Factor	
Vapor Space Expansion Factor:	0.0846
Daily Vapor Temperature Range (deg. R): Daily Vapor Pressure Range (psia):	40.1436
Breather Vent Press. Setting Range(psia):	0.1531 0.0600
Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid	0.0000
Surface Temperature (psia):	0.2365
Vapor Pressure at Daily Minimum Liquid	
Surface Temperature (psia):	0.1708
Vapor Pressure at Daily Maximum Liquid Surface Temperature (psia):	0.3240
Daily Avg. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R):	516.8667
Daily Min. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R):	506,8308
Daily Max. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R):	526.9026
Daily Ambient Temp. Range (deg. R):	24.1833
Vented Vapor Saturation Factor	
Vented Vapor Saturation Factor:	0.9193
Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid: Surface Temperature (psia):	0.2365
Vapor Space Outage (ft):	7.0000
Working Losses (lb):	23.0788
Vapor Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole):	19,3610
Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid	
Surface Temperature (psia):	0.2365
Annual Net Throughput (gal/yr.): Annual Turnovers:	211,680.0000 24.0000
Turnover Factor:	1.0000
Maximum Liquid Volume (gal):	8,820.0000
Maximum Liquid Height (fl):	14.0000
Tank Diameter (ft):	10.0000
Working Loss Product Factor:	1.0000
Total Losses (lb):	35,9593
rotal Losses (III).	33,9593

## TANKS 4.0.9d Emissions Report - Detail Format Individual Tank Emission Totals

## **Emissions Report for: Annual**

## Preston Station (Liquid Loading) - Vertical Fixed Roof Tank

	Losses(ibs)								
Components	Working Loss	Breathing Loss	Total Emissions						
Produced Water	23.08	12.88	35.96						
Decane (-n)	0.01	0.01	0.02						
Nonane (-n)	0.00	0.00	0.01						
Ethylbenzene	0.00	0.00	0.00						
Octane (-n)	0.01	0.01	0.02						
Toluene	0.00	0.00	0.01						
Heptane (-n)	0.04	0.02	0.06						
Benzene	0.01	0.00	0.01						

## TANKS 4.0 Report

Hexane (-n)	0.16	0.09	0.25
Isopentane	0.28	0.16	0.44
Pentane (-n)	0.38	0.21	0.59
Water	20.63	11.52	32.15
Propane (-n)	1.52	0.85	2.36
Butane (-n)	0.02	0.01	0.03
Xylene (-m)	0.00	0.00	0.00



## **Emissions Report**

Compressor Engine CE-2A Specifications

	USA Compre	ssion Unit	191	0 G3408T	ALE/JG	6A4		
Engine Serial Number	BAZ02471		Engine M	anufactured Da	te :	11/17/2007		
Max HP:	425		Max RPM	:		1800		
Number of Engine Cylinders:	8		Total Disp	lacement (in3)	:	1099		
Combustion Type & Setting :	4 Stroke Lean Burn		Fuel Deliv	ery Method:		Carburetor		
Compression Ratio :	8.5:1		Combusti	on Air Treatmer	nt:	Turbocharged	and Aft	ercooled
Engine Modified/Reconstructed?:	Not Applicable - recon	struction last re	eviewed on	11/19/13				
Compressor Frame Serial # :	F29340		Unit Pack	aged Date :		07/02/2008		
Compressor Frame Max RPM:	1800	:	# of Comp	ressor Throws :		4		
AIR ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIO				1007				
County and State Selected for Quot				WV				
NSPS JJJJ	NOx	g/hp-hr	CO	g/hp-hr	VOC	g/hp-hr		
Ozone Non-Attainment / General Pe	ermit NOx	g/hp-hr	CO	g/hp-hr	VOC	g/hp-hr	CH2C	) g/hp-hi
RAW ENGINE EMISSIONS								
(based on assumption of burning 90		80-85 Fuel Met	hane # Fue	el Gas with little	to no H2	S)		
Fuel Consumption : 8,588	HHV BTU/bhp-hr							
		g/bi	hp-hr	Ib/MME	<u>stu</u>	<u>lk</u>	o/hr	<u>TPY</u>
Nitrogen Oxides (NOx) :		2	.00			1.8	374	8.208
Carbon Monoxide (CO) :			.62				518	6.649
Volatile Organic Compounds (NMNI	EHC excluding CH2O)	0	.34				319	1.397
Formaldehyde (CH2O) :	,		.28			0.2	262	1.148
Particulate Matter (PM) Filterable+C	ondensable :			0.010	)	0.0	036	0.160
Sulfur Dioxide (SO2) :				0.000	<b>3</b>	0.0	002	0.009
		a/bl	hp-hr	lb/MME	TU.	lb/h	nr	Metric Tonne/yr
Carbon Dioxide (CO2) :			1.00				1.30	1,753.20
Methane (CH4)		2	.91			2.	73	10.83
CONTROLLED EMISSIONS								
Catalytic Converter Make and Mode	l:	None						
Catalyst Element Type:	•	Oxidation						
Number of Catalyst Elements curren	itly in Housing:	0						
Air/Fuel Ratio Control :		Yes						
Other Engine Emissions Control Equ	uipment :	None						
		% Reduction	on Require	d to Comply wit	h			
		JJJJ & Non-Att	ainment / (	General Permit	Limits	<u>lb/hr</u>		<u>TPY</u>
Nitrogen Oxides (NOx) :			0			1.874		8.208
Carbon Monoxide (CO) :			0			1.518		6.649
Volatile Organic Compounds (NMNE	HC excluding CH2O)		0			0.319		1.397
Formaldehyde (CH2O) :			0			0.262		1.148
Particulate Matter (PM) Filterable+C	ondensable :		0			0.036		0.160
Sulfur Dioxide (SO2) :			0			0.002		0.009
				d to Comply wit				
		JJJJ & Non-Att	ainment / (	General Permit	<u>Limits</u>	<u>lb/hr</u>		Metric Tonne/yr
Carbon Dioxide (CO2) :			0			441.30		1,753.20
Methane (CH4) :			0			2.73		10.83

<sup>1)</sup> g/bhp-hr are based on Engine Manufacturer Specifications assuming a "Pipeline Quality" fuel gas composition, 1200 ft elevation, and 100- 110 F Max Air Inlet. Note that g/bhp-hr values are based on 100% engine load operation and some g/hp-hr values are Nominal and are not representative of Not- To-Exceed values. It is recommended to apply safety factor (i.e. increase the value by a nominal percentage) to the g/hp-hr values for Air Permitting to allow for operational flexibility and variations in fuel gas composition.
2) lb/MMBTU emission Factors are based on EPA's AP-42, Fifth Edition, Volume I, Chapter 3: Stationary Internal Combution Sources (Section 3.2 Natural Gas-Fired Reciprocating Engines).

From: Joel Leblanc < JLeblanc@usacompression.com>

Date: January 9, 2015 at 4:20:17 PM EST

To: Jim Jones <JJones@usacompression.com>, Garrett Mehl

<garrett.mehl@superiorpipeline.com>

Cc: Ryan Mathews < ryan.mathews@superiorpipeline.com >, Chris

Magee < CMagee@usacompression.com >

Subject: RE: 2014 OOOO Reporting

Unit 1910 was set and operated on location for the first time on 7/28/2008 (Hughes County, OK).

The G3408TALE engine was manufactured on 11/17/2007, which is before the NSPS JJJJ trigger date of 7/1/2008 for < 500 HP Four Stroke Lean Burn engines.

Feel free to call me if you have any questions.

Joel D LeBlanc, PE USA Compression 9595 Six Pines Drive, Suite 6200 The Woodlands, TX 77380

O: 832-510-1282 C: 214-957-0105





Conforms to UL STD 2200

## LIQUID COOLED PACKAGED STANDBY GENERATOR

Powered by:



5.7 Liter Naturally Aspirated

		<b>STANDBY RATING</b>			L.P. GAS			NATUR	RALGAS	j
_   _	MODEL NUMBER	POWER OUTPUT (60HZ)	<u>kW</u>	<u>kVA</u>	AMPS	CB AMPS	kW	kVA	AMPS	CB AMPS
F	PSS60-3	120/240V, 1-Phase, 1.0 p.f.	60	60	250	250	60	60	250	250
F	PSS60-4	120/208V, 3-Phase, .8 p.f.	60	75	209	175	60	75	209	175
F	PSS60-17	120/240V, 3-Phase, .8 p.f.	60	75	180	175	60	75	180	175
F	PSS60-18	277/480V, 3-Phase, .8 p.f.	60	75	90	90	60	75	90	90

Derating Factors: Temperatures - 3% per 10° above 104° F; 3.5% per 1,000 feet elevation above sea level.

## **ENGINE FEATURES**

The 8 cylinder, overhead valve GM 5.7L engine meets EPA/ Carb Emission Regulations for LSI Engines. All engine functions are controlled by an engine mounted ECM.

The engine features include an electronic ignition, engine blockheater and a vapor fuel system. A critical grade muffler is installed to reduce engine noise levels. Battery rack, cables, and battery tender (charger) are factory installed. A BCI Group 24 650 CCA battery must be purchased separately. Engine cooling is provided by a unit mount radiator. The engine is equipped with a belt driven pusher type fan.

#### **ENGINE SPECIFICATIONS**

MANUE

MAKE GM
MODEL 5.7L INDUSTRIAL
FUEL TYPE LP VAPOR OR NATURAL GAS
BASE HORSEPOWER-STANDBY (1800 RPM) (NG) 93 HP
ENGINE CONTROL ENGINE MOUNTED ECM
FUEL DELIVERY
STEADY STATE GOVERNOR ELECTRONIC
ENGINE SPEED
CYLINDERS 8
TOTAL DISPLACEMENT
BORE X STROKE
ASPIRATIONNATURAL
COMBUSTION AIR REQUIREMENT 182.3 CFM
COOLINGLIQUID
RADIATOR CAPACITY 13 QTS
TOTAL COOLING CAPACITY 24.1QTS
HOUSING (GM ADAPTER GROUP) FLAT FACE
FLYWHEEL (GMADAPTER GROUP)
ROTATION CCW
LUBE OIL SPEC SAE 10W-30
OIL & FILTER REPLACEMENT 150 hrs
TOTAL OIL CAPACITY 5.5 QTS
EXHAUST OUTLET SIZE @ MUFFLER3 in
ELECTRICAL SYSTEM (NEGATIVE GROUND)12V
ALTERNATOR 70 AMP
NOISE LEVEL (7 METERS)

## **GENERATOR FEATURES**

The generator is a single bearing rotating field generator mounted to the engine flywheel via dual flex drive discs. Three phase generators have 12 lead broad range reconnectable stators; single phase generators are 4 lead. An external voltage regulator maintains proper voltage output, accurate to +/- 1%.

The engine generator combination has the ability to start and operate motors up to 20 hp Code G. Mainline circuit breaker included for generator protection.

OPTIONAL Permanent Magnet Generators are available.

### **GENERATOR SPECIFICATIONS**

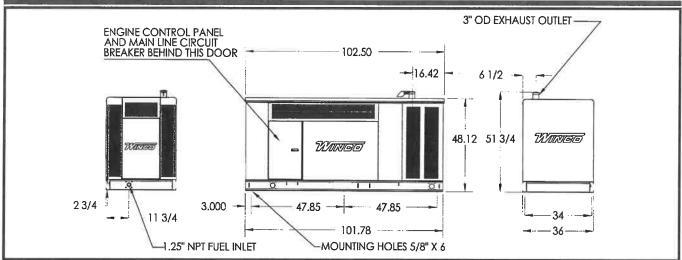
RATING	
TYPE	4-POLE REVOLVING FIELD
SPEED	1800 RPM
INSULATION SYSTEM	CLASS H
SINGLE PHASE	4 LEAD
THREE PHASE	12 LEAD
STATOR WINDINGS	
PITCH	2/3
WAVEFORM DISTORTION	< 1.5%
TELEPHONE INTERFERENCE	
EFFICIENCY PEAK	91%
COUPLING	FLEXIBLE DISC
BEARINGS (MAINTENANCE FREE)	
VOLTAGE CONTROL	
REGULATION	+/- 1%
SINGLE PHASE POWER FACTOR	1.0
THREE PHASE POWER FACTOR	8.0

#### **FUEL CONSUMPTION**

<u>Fuel Type</u>	Full Load	<u>BTU/hr</u>
L.P. Gas*	9.29 gal/hr	850,964
Natural Gas	799 ft <sup>3</sup> /hr	798,455
Inlet Pressure	4-6 oz. / 7-11 ir	n. water column

<sup>\*</sup> LP liquid withdrawal is available in a Non-ETL configuration





## **Basler DGC-2020 GenSet Controller Features**

The genset controller is mounted to the generator housing, isolating it from harmful vibrations.

#### General

Basler Electric's Digital Genset Controller (DGC-2020) is a highly advanced integrated genset controller. The DGC-2020 combines rugged construction and microprocessor technology to offer a product that will hold up to almost any environment and is flexible enough to meet your needs. The DGC-2020 provides genset control, metering, protection and programmable logic in a simple, easy to use and cost effective package. Some options may not be activated and require computer interface to activate. (Basler software is shipped with each unit and interconnection cable can be locally purchased.)

- · Solid state digital control with LCD display
- Run-Off-Auto function is controlled by three push buttons with indicator lights
- LCD Displays: Engine Oil Pressure, Coolant Temperature, Battery Voltage and Frequency
- Ability to toggle the voltage and amperage on each phase
- Three additional Indicator Lamps notify the user when the system is Not-In-Auto, in Alarm condition, or when the generator is supplying over 2% of its capacity to the loads
- 2 Wire remote start
- SAE J1939 engine ECU communications
- Rugged, fully encapsulated design
- · Alarm horn output
- USB communications
- 4 Programmable output contacts

ı	Presented by:
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Specifications subject to change without notice.

#### **Generator Protection**

- Under voltage
- Over voltage

or pre-alarms.

- · Under frequency
- · Over frequency
- Phase imbalance (optional)
   Over current (optional) All generator protection features are programmable as alarms

## **Alarms and Pre-Alarms**

- · Low oil pressure
- Low coolant level
- Over crank
- Battery Charger Failure
- Engine kW overload
- High coolant temperature
- Over speed
- Engine sender unit failure
- Emergency stop

## Digital Engine Control Standard Set Up

Start Delay 10 seconds Cool Down Delay 5 minutes Cycle Cranking 3 cycles Overcrank Protection Standard Overspeed Protection Standard · Low Oil Pressure Protection Standard · High Water Temperature Protection Standard

· UL recognized, CSA certified, CE approved

## **Housing & Construction**

- Sound attenuated enclosure constructed of 16 gauge galvannealed steel with durable powder coat paint finish
- Generator set is factory built and tested to NEMA standards

## **Options**

- · NFPA 99 and NFPA 110 compatible Digital Controls available with pre-alarms
- Remote displays with 7 pre-alarms and 8 alarm indicators, switch off auto and unit supplying load lamps
- Vapor fuel strainer
- · LPG liquid withdrawal fuel system
- Optional automatic transfer switch sold separately contact factory for sizes and types available

#### **Limited Warranties**

Winco warranties its product from material defects for 1 yr/1000 hours. PSI's limited engine warranty is 3 yrs/3500 hours. Stamford warranties the generator for 2 yrs/1000 hours.



To:

Ryan Mathews

Superior Pipe Line

Date: August 4, 2014

From: Melisa Baker

GEC, Inc.

Re:

60KW Winco Generator Engine Manufacturing date

This letter is to verify the Engine Manufacturing date for the Following:

60 KW Winco Generator SN: 149146 located at the Superior pipeline compressor Station on Fox Hollow Rd. Bruceton Mills WV, 26525

Winco is the packer of the Generator Power Solutions is the Manufacture of the GM Engine.

Generator manufactured date:

May 26, 2011

SN: 149146

GM Engine manufactured date:

March 29, 2011

SN: 5.7L20110



# UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY 2011 MODEL YEAR CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMITY WITH THE CLEAN AIR ACT OF 1990

OFFICE OF TRANSPORTATION AND AIR QUALITY ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN 48105

Karl J. Simon, Director Compliance and Inniviative Strategies Division

Certificate	Issued To:	Power	Solutions.	Inc.

(U.S. Manufacturer or Importer)

Certificate Number: BPSIB5.702ED-009

Effective Date: 12/21/2010

Expiration Date: 12/31/2011

Issue Date: 12/21/2010

Revision Date:

Manufacturer: Power Solutions, Inc.
Engine Family: BPSIB5.702ED
Certificate Number: BPSIB5.702ED-009
Certification Type: Stationary (Part 60)

Fuel: Natural Gas (CNG/LNG)

LPG/Propane

Emission Standards: NMHC + NOx ( g/kW-hr ): 13.4

HC + NOx ( g/kW-hr ): 13.4 CO ( g/kW-hr ): 519 Emergency Use Only: Y

Pursuant to Section 213 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. section 7547) and 40 CFR Part 60, 1065, 1068, and 60 (stationary only and combined stationary and mobile) and subject to the terms and conditions prescribed in those provisions, this certificate of conformity is hereby issued with respect to the test engines which have been found to conform to applicable requirements and which represent the following nonroad engines, by engine family, more fully described in the documentation required by 40 CFR Part 60 and produced in the stated model year.

This certificate of conformity covers only those new nonroad spark-ignition engines which conform in all material respects to the design specifications that applied to those engines described in the documentation required by 40 CFR Part 60 and which are produced during the model year stated on this certificate of the said manufacturer, as defined in 40 CFR Part 60. This certificate of conformity does not cover nonroad engines imported prior to the effective date of the certificate

It is a term of this certificate that the manufacturer shall consent to all inspections described in 40 CFR 1068 20 and authorized in a warrant or court order. Failure to comply with the requirements of such a warrant or court order may lead to revocation or suspension of this certificate for reasons specified in 40 CFR Part 60. It is also a term of this certificate that this certificate may be revoked or suspended or rendered void *ab initio* for other reasons specified in 40 CFR Part 60.

This certificate does not cover large nonroad engines sold, offered for sale, or introduced, or delivered for introduction, into commerce in the U.S. prior to the effective date of the certificate.

PM
3:57:50
2010 0
12/21/
Date

Engine Family		BPSIB5.702ED				
Test #4						
Test Incorporated I (This Test Must Ha Submitted to Verify Family Data Set)	Test Incorporated by Reference Indicator (This Test Must Have Been Previously Submitted to Verify in a Different Engine Family Data Set)	No				
Test Engine Number	er	2	Manufacturer ?	Manufacturer Assigned Test Number	T1C5A1	
Verify Assigned Ce	Verify Assigned Certification Test Number	BPSIBM0002333	Corresponding Number (Engin	Corresponding Engine Configuration Number (Engine Model Name, Engine Code) null (\$000ED, \$000ED)	null (5000ED, 5000ED)	
Test Lab ID		Intertek Carnot Emission Services			01/11/2009	
Engine Hours Reading at Test Start	ding at Test Start	4	Emission Sampling Method	ling Method	Constant Volume Sampling (CVS)	
Test Cycle Used		G2	Test Engine Ma	Test Engine Maximum Measured Power (kW) 62.2	62.2	
Test Engine Speed (RPM Measured Power Occurs	Test Engine Speed (RPM) at which Maximum Measured Power Occurs	1800	Test Engine Ma (NM)	Test Engine Maximum Measured Torque (NM)	330.1	
Test Engine Speed Measured Torque (	Test Engine Speed (RPM) at which Maximum Measured Torque Occurs	1800	Certification Test Fuel	st Fuel	Natural Gas	
Test Result - Mobil	Test Result - Mobile/Stationary Identifier	Stationary (Part 60)				
Engine Model Rated Power (kW)	ed Power (kW)	65.8				
Certification Test Fuel Justification	Fuel Justification	1				
	Constituent Name	Constituent Units	Certification Test Result (before Deterioration Factor applied)	Calculated Certification Level	Pass/Fail Indicator	
	NMHC + NOx	g/kW-hr	0.46	6.1	Pass	
	NOx	g/kW-hr	5.6	I	1	
	CO2	g/kW-hr	785.48	*	ŧ	
	00	g/kW-hr	31.57	31.6	Pass	
	NMHC	g/kW-hr	0.46		•	

No data submission for CH4 or N20 Justification

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**Facility-Wide Emission Summary** 

A	TTACE	IMENT	V - FA	CILIT	Y-WID	E CON	TROLL	ED EM	ISSION	IS SUM	IMARY	SHEE	T	
List all sources o	f emissi	ons in t	his table	e. Use e	extra pa	ges if ne	ecessary.							
Emission Point ID#	N	O <sub>x</sub>	C	0	V	ос	so	02	PI	A <sub>10</sub>	PA	12.5	GHG	(CO <sub>2</sub> e)
Emission Form ID#	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	16/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy
CE-1	1.87	8.21	1.52	6.65	0.58	2.54	2.1E-03	0.01	0.04	0.16	0.04	0.16	509.79	2,232.88
GE-1	2.05	0.51	4.83	1.21	2.07	0.52	4.8E-04	1.2E-04	0.02	4.0E-03	0.02	4.0E-03	95.55	23.89
RSV-1					0.13	0.55							721.26	3,159.11
RBV-1A	0.02	0.09	0.02	0.07	1.1E-03	4.7E-03	1.2E-04	5.1E-04	1.5E-03	0.01	1.5E-03	0.01	23.42	102.60
T01					0.05	0.23							0.03	0.15
T02					0.05	0.23							0.03	0.15
De minimis storage tanks (T03 – T05)					9.1E-05	4.0E-04								***
L01					0.09	0.02								
Catalytic Heaters	4.9E-04	2.1E-03	4.1E-04	1.8E-03	2.7E-05	1.2E-04	2.9E-06	1.3E-05	3.7E-05	1.6E-04	3.7E-05	1.6E-04	2.8E-04	1.2E-03
Fugitives						0.66								549.89
Haul Roads										0.01		1.0E-03		
FACILITY TOTAL	3.94	8.81	6.37	7.93	2.92	4.76	2.7E-03	0.01	0.05	0.18	0.05	0.17	1,350.10	6,068.67
FACILITY TOTAL (Excluding fugitives)	3.94	8.81	6.37	7.93	2.92	4.10	2.7E-03	0.01	0.05	0.17	0.05	0.17	1,350.10	5,518.78

Annual emissions shall be based on 8,760 hours per year of operation for all emission units except emergency generators.

According to 45CSR14 Section 2.43.e, fugitive emissions are not included in the major source determination because it is not listed as one of the source categories in Table 1. Therefore, fugitive emissions shall not be included in the PTE above.

-1	CHMEN													
List all sources of emi	ssions in	this table	e. Use e	extra pag	ges if ne	cessary.								
Emission Point ID#	Formal	dehyde	Ber	nzene	Tol	uene	Ethylb	enzene	Xyl	enes	He	cane	Total	HAPs
Emission Fount ID#	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy
CE-1	0.26	1.15	1.6E-03	7.0E-03	1.5E-03	6.5E-03	1.4E-04	6.3E-04	6.7E-04	2.9E-03	4.1E-03	0.02	0.33	1.46
GE-1	0.02	4.2E-03	2.0E-05	5.1E-06	1.1E-05	4.6E-05	1.6E-04	4.0E-05	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	0.03	0.01
RSV-1			<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	< 0.01	0.03	0.13	0.03	0.13
RBV-1A	1.5E-05	6.4E-05	4.1E-07	1.8E-06	6.7E-07	2.9E-06					3.5E-04	1.5E-03	3.7E-04	1.6E-03
T01			4.6E-04	2.0E-03	2.3E-04	1.0E-03	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	3.0E-03	0.01	4.6E-03	0.02
T02			4.6E-04	2.0E-03	2.3E-04	1.0E-03	<0.01	<0.01	< 0.01	<0.01	3.0E-03	0.01	4.6E-03	0.02
De minimis storage tanks (T03 – T05)	••-												9.1E-05	4.0E-04
L01									***				3.9E-03	1.7E-03
Catalytic Heaters	3.7E-07	1.6E-06	1.0E-08	4.5E-08	1.7E-08	7.3E-08					8.8E-06	3.9E-05	9.2E-06	4.0E-05
Fugitives														
Haul Roads														
FACILITY TOTAL	0.28	1.15	2.5E-03	0.01	2.0E-03	0.01	3.0E-04	6.7E-04	6.7E-04	2.9E-03	0.04	0.18	0.40	1.64
FACILITY TOTAL (Excluding fugitives)	0.28	1.15	2.5E-03	0.01	2.0E-03	0.01	3.0E-04	6.7E-04	6.7E-04	2.9E-03	0.04	0.18	0.40	1.64

Annual emissions shall be based on 8,760 hours per year of operation for all emission units except emergency generators.

According to 45CSR14 Section 2.43.e, fugitive emissions are not included in the major source determination because it is not listed as one of the source categories in Table 1. Therefore, fugitive emissions shall not be included in the PTE above.

## **ATTACHMENT W**

Class I Legal Advertisement

# AIR QUALITY PERMIT NOTICE Notice of Application

Notice is given that Superior Appalachian Pipeline, LLC has applied to the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Air Quality, for a G35D permit for an existing natural gas compressor station (Preston Compressor Station) located off of Fox Hollow Road and 1.85 miles northeast of Clifton Mills, WV and is in Preston County, West Virginia. Site Latitude and Longitude Coordinates are: 39.72069, -79.59528.

The applicant estimates the potential to discharge the following Regulated Air Pollutants will be:

Pollutant	Facility Wide (tpy)	Facility Wide excluding Fugitive Emissions (tpy)
Nitrogen Oxides	8.81	8.81
Carbon Monoxide	7.93	7.93
Particulate Matter-10	0.18	0.17
Particulate Matter-2.5	0.17	0.17
Volatile Organic Compounds	4.76	4.10
Sulfur Dioxide	0.01	0.01
Formaldehyde	1.15	1.15
Benzene	0.01	0.01
Toluene	0.01	0.01
Ethylbenzene	6.7E-04	6.7E-04
Xylenes	2.9E-03	2.9E-03
Hexane	0.18	0.18
Total Hazardous Air Pollutants	1.64	1.64
Carbon Dioxide Equivalents (CO2e)	6,068.67	5,518.78

The facility is currently in operation; this permit application is being submitted per WVDEP's request to clarify source information regarding the facility. Written comments will be received by the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Air Quality, 601 57<sup>th</sup> Street, SE, Charleston, WV 25304, for at least 30 calendar days from the date of publication of this notice.

Any questions regarding this permit application should be directed to the DAQ at (304) 926-0499, extension 1250, during normal business hours.

Dated this the 15th Day of May, 2017.

By: Superior Appalachian Pipeline, LLC
Jennifer Frazier, Environmental Specialist (Unit Corporation)
PO Box 702500

Tulsa, OK 74170-2500